The Globe.

WM. LEWIS, HUGH LINDSAY, Publishers. —PERSEVERE.— TERMS, $2,00 a year in advance.

VOL. XXIII. HUNTINGDON, PA., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 11, 1868. NO. 34.

TERMS OF THE GLOBE.

Per annum in advance.....$2 50
Six months.....1 00
Three months.....50

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

	1 insertion.	2 do.	3 do.
One square, (10 lines,)or less	$ 75	$1 25	$1 50
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One column,	20 00	30 00	60 00

Professional and Business Cards not exceeding six lines, On year.....$5 00
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☞Ten lines of nonpareil make a square. About eight words constitute a line, so that any person can easily calculate a square in manuscript.

Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to these terms.

Our prices for the printing of Blanks, Handbills, etc. are reasonably low.

Huntingdon Business Directory.

[The following Cards are published gratuitously. Merchants and business men generally who advertise liberally in the columns of THE GLOBE *for six months or longer, will have their Cards inserted Here during the continuance of their advertisement. Otherwise, special Business Cards inserted at the usual rates.]*

DR. WM. BREWSTER, McConnellstown. [Cures by Electropathy.]

B. M. GREENE, Dealer in Music, musical Instruments, Sewing Machines, in Leister's new building, (second floor.)

WM. LEWIS, Dealer in Books, Stationery and Musical Instruments, corner of the Diamond.

W. B. ZEIGLER, Dealer in Ladies and Children's Furnishing Goods, opposite the First National Bank.

W. P. RUDOLPH, Dealer in Ladies and Gents' Furnishing Goods, opposite Leister's new building.

GEO. F. MARSH, Merchant Tailor, opposite, Lowis' Book Store.

H. GREENBERG, Merchant Tailor, in the Diamond.

M'CAHAN & SON, proprietors of Juniata Steam Pearl Mill, West Huntingdon.

J. M. GREENE & F. O. BEAVER, Marble Manufacturers, Millin street, near the Lutheran church.

WM. WILLIAMS, Plain and Ornamental Marble Manufacturer.

JAMES HIGGENS, Manufacturer of Furniture and Cabinet Ware, Huntingdon, Pa.

J. M. WISE, Manufacturer of Furniture, &c., Huntingdon. Undertaking attended to

WHARTON & MAGUIRE, Wholesale and retail dealers in foreign and domestic Hardware, Cutlery, &c., Railroad street, Huntingdon.

JAMES A. BROWN, Dealer in Hardware, Cutlery, Paints, Oils, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

C. H. MILLER & SON, Dealers in all kinds of Fine Leather, Findings, &c., &c., near the Presbyterian church.

WM. AFRICA, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, in the Diamond, Huntingdon, Pa.

JOHN H. WESTBROOK, Dealer in Boots, Shoes, Hosiery, Confectionery, Huntingdon.

GEO. SHAEFFER, dealer in Boots, Shoes, Gutters, &c., Huntingdon.

JOHNSTON & WATTSON, Merchants, Main st., east of Washington Hotel, Huntingdon

GLAZIER & BRO., Retail Merchants, Washington st., near the jail, Huntingdon.

ZYENTER, Dealer in Groceries and Provisions of all kinds, Huntingdon, Pa.

WM. MARCH & BRO. Dealers in Dry Goods, Queensware, Hardware, Boots, Shoes, &c.

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON, Merchants, Huntingdon, Pa.

H. ROMAN, Dealer in Ready Made Clothing, Hats and Caps,

D. P. GWIN, Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c. Huntingdon

S. E. HENRY & CO., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, and Provisions of all kinds, Huntingdon.

THE GLOBE
JOB PRINTING OFFICE.

THE "GLOBE JOB OFFICE" is the most complete of any in the country, and possesses the most ample facilities for promptly executing in the best style, every variety of Job Printing, such as

HAND BILLS,
CIRCULARS,
BILL HEADS,
POSTERS,
BALL TICKETS,
CARDS,
PROGRAMMES,
BLANKS,
LABELS, &C., &C., &C

CALL AND EXAMINE SPECIMENS OF WORK, LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

NOTICE TO ALL.

HILL STREET MARKET,

OPPOSITE THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

R. G. MORRISON respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity that he continues the meat market business in all its various branches, and will keep constantly on hand

Fresh Beef, Pork, Pudding and Sausage, salt Beef and Pork, Canned Fruit and Vegetables, Spices of all kinds, Catsups and Sauces, Teas, Soaps, Cheese, Salt Lard, &c, &c.,

All of which he will continue to sell at reasonable prices The highest prices paid for hides and tallow. Thomas Colder, at Alexandria, and March & Bro., at Coffee Run, are my agents to purchase at their places.

Thankful for past patronage, I solicit a continuance of the same. R. G. MORRISON.

Huntingdon, Oct. 30, 1867.

GOOD NEWS FOR MOTHERS.

Mothers, are you oppressed with anxiety for your little ones? Are your slumbers and hearts broken by their cries? Do you awake in the morning unrefreshed and apprehensive? If so, procure at once a bottle of Dr. Leon's Infant Remedy and you will have no more weary hours of watching and anxiety.

DR. LEON'S INFANT REMEDY,

Has stood the test of years. Thousands of nurses and mothers bear witness that it never fails to give relief if used in season. It is a mild, yet sure and speedy cure for Colic, Cramps and Windy Pains, and is invaluable for all complaints incident to Teething.

Sold by Druggists throughout the United States. Address all orders to

ZIEGLER & SMITH,
SOLE PROPRIETORS.
No. 137 Nth. Third Street, Philad'a.

nov27-1y

SILVER'S WASH POWDER!

SAVES TIME, LABOR, MONEY.

Makes Washing a Pastime and Monday a Festival.

SOLD EVERYWHERE. TRY IT!

Address all orders to the Manufacturers

ZIEGLER & SMITH,
Chemists and Wholesale Druggists,
No. 137 Nth. Third Street, Philada,

nov27-1y

TO THE LADIES.

The best assortment of

ELLIPTIC SKIRTS,

Just received this day from New York and for sale at the cheap cash store of WM. MARCH & BRO.

A splendid assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

FANCY TRIMMINGS AND BUTTONS

Just received this day from New York and for sale cheap at [may7] WM. MARCH & BRO.

FLOUR! FLOUR!

The best Flour, by the barrel or smaller quantity for sale at Lewis' Family Grocery.

Professional & Business Cards.

DR. R. R. WIESTLING most respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity.
Office that of the late Dr. Snare. mch12-1y*

DR. A. B. BRUMBAUGH, Having permanently located at Huntingdon, offers his professional services to the community.
Office, the same as that lately occupied by Dr. Ludon on Hill street. ap10,1865

DR. JOHN McCULLOCH, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office on Hill street, one door east of Read's Drug Store. Aug. 28, '65.

R. ALLISON MILLER, DENTIST,

Has removed to the Brick Row opposite the Court House. April 15, 1859.

E. J. GREENE, DENTIST.
Office removed to Leister's New Building, Hill street, Huntingdon. July 31, 1867.

J. A. POLLOCK, *SURVEYOR & REAL ESTATE AGENT,*
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Will attend to Surveying in all its branches, and will buy and sell Real Estate in any part of the United States. Send for circular. dec29-tf

WASHINGTON HOTEL, HUNTINGDON, PA.
The undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon county and the traveling public generally that he has leased the Washington House on the corner of Hill and Charles streets, in the borough of Huntingdon, and is prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with a call. Will be pleased to receive a liberal share of public patronage.
AUGUSTUS LETTERMAN.
July 31, '67-tf.

MILTON S. LYTLE, *ATTORNEY AT LAW,*
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Prompt attention given to all legal business entrusted to his care. Claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against the Government collected without delay. ap13'66

R. McMURTRIE, *ATTORNEY AT LAW,*
Office on Hill street. HUNTINGDON, PA.
Prompt attention will be given to the prosecution of the claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs, against the Government. aug22,1866

AGEENCY FOR COLLECTING SOLDIERS' CLAIMS, BOUNTY, BACK PAY AND PENSIONS.
All who may have any claims against the Government for Bounty, Back Pay and Pensions, can have their claims promptly collected by applying either in person or by letter to
W. H. WOODS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
aug12,1863 HUNTINGDON, PA.

LAW AND COLLECTION OFFICE
OF
K. ALLEN LOVELL,
District Attorney of Huntingdon County,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
OFFICE—In the Brick Row, opposite the Court House
Jan.1.1867

JOHN SCOTT, SAMUEL T. BROWN, JOHN M. BAILEY

The name of this firm has been changed from SCOTT & BROWN, to
SCOTT, BROWN & BAILEY,
under which name they will hereafter conduct their practice as
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA.
PENSIONS, and all claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against the Government, will be promptly prosecuted. May 17, 1865-tf.

A. C. CLARKE, AGENT,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of
SEGARS & TOBACCO,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Next door to the Franklin House, in the Diamond. *Country trade supplied.* ap17'67

GEO. W. SWARTZ,
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
AMERICAN WATCHES, Fine Gold JEWELRY, &c.,
&c., &c., opposite J. A. Brown's Mammoth Hardware store. ☞Watches neatly repaired and warranted. Huntingdon, Sept 18, 1867-6m

A SPECIALTY.

A LARGE AND WELL ASSORTED STOCK OF
LADIES' AND GENTS'
FURNISHING GOODS,
AT REDUCED PRICES,
Just received at
RUDOLPH'S
TEMPLE OF FASHION

LADIES' DEPARTMENT.

In this department, which will at all times receive my strict attention, I have a well assorted display of

Dress Trimmings, Cloak and Sacque Trimmings, Dress Buttons, Gloves, Veils, Zephyr Knit Shawls, Nubias, Hoods, Sontags, Handkerchiefs, Fall Hats, Hat and Bonnet Frames, Velvet Ribbons, Corsets, Hosiery, and latest style Sacques from $5 to $30.

GENTS' DEPARTMENT.

Hats and Caps, all styles, from 50 cents to $10, Shirts, Drawers, Gloves, Neck Ties, Collars, Hosiery, and every article kept in a first class Furnishing Store.

By making my business a specialty, I hope to meet with such patronage from the public as will enable me to keep continually on hand a large and well selected stock of first class goods. Whilst keeping up to the fashion in every article, I will also sell cheaper than the cheapest.

W. P. RUDOLPH,
Opposite Leister's New Building.
Huntingdon, Oct. 30, 1867.

TO THE LADIES
W. B. ZEIGLER

Would respectfully inform the Ladies of Huntingdon and the country generally, that he has just returned from New York and Philadelphia, where he has purchased a large stock of goods simect

EXCLUSIVELY FOR LADIES AND CHILDREN.

Ladies' Furnishing Goods, Fancy and plain Dress Trimmings, Ladies' Under garments, Merino Vests and Drawers, Corsets, Balmorals, Hoop skirts, Shawls, Scarfs, Hoods, knit of various styles and patterns, Ladies' and Children's Stockings of all styles and colors, Also,
Dress Goods, Prints, Delaines, Plaids, Alpacoes, Ginghams, Brown and Bleached Muslins, &c.
Gents' Undershirts, Drawers, and Stockings.
All goods sold at the lowest cash prices, and as cheap as the cheapest.

OPPOSITE THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK.
Huntingdon, Nov. 6, 1867.

BEST BLEACHED MUSLIN always on hand at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

GROUND ALUM AND SALINA SALT at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

The Globe.

THERE ARE NO DEAD.

BY G. H. N.

There is no death! The stars go down
To rise upon some fairer shore;
And bright in Heaven's jeweled crown
They shine forevermore.

There is no death! An angel form
Walks o'er the earth with silent tread;
He bears our best loved things away,
And then we call them dead.

Born into that undying life,
They leave us but to come again;
With joy we welcome them the same,
Except in sin and pain.

And ever near us, though unseen,
The dear, immortal spirits tread,
For all the Boundless Universe
Is life—THERE ARE NO DEAD.

Jones vs Harper.

There were five of us—yes, five as happy fellows as ever were let loose from college. It was "vacation," and we concluded to take a trip to the falls.—We got aboard the cars at N., and were soon traveling very rapidly towards our destination. We had just seated ourselves and prepared for a comfortable smoke, when in came the conductor, and who should it be but our old friend B. After the common salutations had passed, Fred said he had some business for us to attend to.

"Out with it, old chum," said we.

"Anything at all will be acceptable, so let us have it."

"Well, boys," said he, "in the next car there is as loving a pair as it was ever my lot to see. They are going down to H to get married; and now if you can have any fun over it, then just pitch in."

In a moment he was gone, and we set our heads together to form a plan.

"I have it, boys," said Bill Steevors: "we must make the girl think that her lover is married—"

"That's it, Bill—that's it," said we, not giving him time to finish.

"That he is a married man, and the father of children," said Bill.

It devolved upon me to commence operations. Accordingly, I entered the car in which we were informed the lovers were. Sure enough, there they were. The girl, thinking, I suppose, that she must give her lover all the seat, had taken a seat on his knee, and he, for the purpose of protecting her, had thrown his arm around her waist; and so they sat in real soft lover's style. All this I gathered at a glance. Stepping up to them, I said:

"Why, Jones, what in the deuce are you doing with this girl?"

The girl rose hastily and seated herself on the seat.

"See here, stranger," said the fellow, "you are a mite mistaken; my name ain't Jones."

"Why, Jones," said I, "you certainly haven't left your wife and children, and taken to palm yourself off for a single man, have you?"

"I tell you my name ain't Jones; it's Harper. It never was Jones—'tain't going to be, nuther."

I merely shook my head and passed on to another seat to see the rest of the fun. About the time the couple got feeling all right again, in came Elliott Gregg. Walking up to Harper, he accosted him with—

"Why, Jones, you here? How did you leave your wife and babies?"

"Now see here, stranger, you ain't the first man that's called me Jones today, an' I reckon I must look awfully like him, but I ain't Jones, and more'n that, you mustn't call me Jones. I hain't got a wife nor babies either; but this ere gal an' me is going to splice, and then you can talk about my wife, and I wouldn't wonder but what, in course of time, you might talk about babies, too; but you mustn't call me Jones!"

This retort brought forth vociferous laughter from the spectators, and it also brought blushes to the face of the girl that "was goin' to be spliced."

"Ah, Jones," said Gregg, you'll regret this in the future. I pity your wife and this poor girl."

"So, Mr. Harper, your real name is Jones, is it? and you've been fooling me, have you? Well, we ain't spliced yet, and I don't think we shall be very soon," said the girl, and her eyes flashed fire.

"Jane, Jane!" said Harper, "don't you know I'm Bill Harper? Thar ain't a darned drop of Jones blood in me, an' I'll prove it."

At this moment, Jeff. Jackson, Bill Steevers, and John Beyers entered, and of course, their attention was called to Harper by his loud talking. They stepped up to him, and said—

"Why, Jones, what is all this fuss about?"

This was more than Harper could stand. He leaped upon a seat.

"Now," said he, my "name is not Jones, an' I can lick the fellow that says it is."

By this time we had got to H., and our friend Fred came into the car and got Harper to keep quiet. The girl that wouldn't be "spliced" requested Fred to help her on the train that was going back to S., which he did, and the notorious Jones, alias Harper, followed her. We learned, afterward, that he proved himself to be Bill Harper instead of Bill Jones, and he and his gal Jane got "spliced."

☞"Well, Jim, how did you make it down South?" "First-rate. Made plenty of money." "What did you do with it?" "Laid it out in houses and lots." "Where?" "Every place I have been where there were any." "What kind of houses and lots?" "Coffee-houses and lots of whiskey."

☞Pleasure is seldom found where it is sought. Our brightest blazes of gladness are commonly kindled by unexpected sparks.

Barnum's Museum Destroyed by Fire.

At 12.45 this morning, smoke was seen issuing from the third floor of the building No. 538 Broadway, which, together with No. 541, comprised Barnum's American Museum. The smoke was first seen curling out of the window casing in the extreme southern end of the building, and was soon followed by a light body of flame, which was perceived by the reflection on the window panes. Some passers-by on the opposite side of the street observing this became convinced that the place was on fire. They at once gave an alarm, which was quickly communicated to Firemen's Hall and the Eighth Precinct Station House, both of which are situated on Mercer street, in the rear of the Museum. The fire alarm bells rang out signal "2," but, unfortunately, a few minutes previously an alarm had sounded for a fire at the corner of Spring and Renwick streets, and the apparatus in the immediate vicinity were present at the other fire. Owing to this truly lamentable circumstance, aggravated by the fearfully bad condition of the streets, the fire gained such terrible headway that the destruction of the entire building was insured.

A number of policemen from the Eighth and Fourteenth Precincts, whom the alarm had attracted to the spot, aided by a still larger number of civilian volunteers, forced open the doors of the building on Broadway and rushed into the place to arouse the inmates and save them from destruction. They were found asleep on one of the upper floors of the building in total ignorance of the approaching danger. They were aroused, and in a few moments a stalwart man was seen stalking from the building with an Albino infant under each arm. He was soon followed by a procession of four, carrying out of the building the fat boy. Then came the fat woman and Miss Shaw, the giantess, supported by three men. On reaching the sidewalk, Miss Shaw fell, and measured her full length on the sidewalk. In this way all the human beings in the museum were rescued and found a shelter at the New York Dining Rooms, No. 536 Broadway, opposite.

The firemen got to work with promptness after they had arrived, but by the time the first stream of water was brought to bear on the burning building, and dense volumes of smoke and flames were pouring out of all the upper windows. Owing to the highly inflammable nature of the contents of the building, the flames spread with lightning-like rapidity, and before 1 o'clock had burst out through the roof. It was found impossible to save the building, and the firemen directed all their attention to the adjoining property, which was greatly endangered. The building occupied as the Museum extended to Mercer street, in which portion of the building the stage was situated. As soon as the fire reached the scenery and stage, the flames gained a new impetus, and burst out of the Mercer street side of the building with fearful violence, the body of flame reaching across the street and setting fire to the buildings on the opposite side of the narrow street. The flames also extended to the building No. 537, adjoining, which is occupied by a number of various parties, and also to the building on the upper side, No. 543.

At this time a rumor was started that the Prescott House was on fire, and on examination the rear of the building was found burning. When the fact became known, a scene of great excitement followed. There was a grand rush of the boarders and guests of the hotel, and soon the halls and passages were almost choked up by the fleeing boarders and their baggage. The rear of several houses on Spring street also took fire. As we go to press the fire is still raging fiercely, and it is feared that several additional buildings will be destroyed before the flames are subdued.

The Museum proper comprised Nos. 539 and 541 Broadway, and was opened soon after the destruction of the building at the corner of Broadway and Ann street. Despite the great exertions of the police and citizens, but very few of the animals and curiosities were saved. A few figures, several cases of stuffed animals, the electrical machine and a small proportion of the animals were got out. Mr. Barnum's loss may be estimated at probably $250,000. Nothing is known of his insurance, as Mr. Barnum resides out of town, and his agent could not be found. The persons who slept in the building escaped in their night clothes, and lost all their wearing apparel and other property.

The buildings were known originally as the Chinese Assembly Rooms, and were valued at $40,000. The owner and insurance could not be ascertained.

The police of the Eighth, Fourteenth, and Fifteenth Precincts were present in full force.

The collection of animals belonging to Messrs. Van Amburg & Co., Mr. Barnum being one-third owner, was unquestionably the finest in the country. The collection was not particularly noted for its size, but was very complete, and embraced some very rare specimens. Several additions had been recently made. It is understood that the entire lot was offered last spring to the Central Park Commission at $100,000, and was refused, though a short time afterwards a much larger sum was offered in Boston, but declined by the proprietors, as the summer travelling season was about to begin, offering better inducements than the proposed sale. A very extended tour had been planned for this summer, and arrangements had been made to show the collection throughout the country.

In specialties this menagerie was famous for two of the finest Bengal tigers ever caged. They were male and female, of enormous size. There were two very large lions, and four beautiful lion cubs of one litter, born in New Jersey, and very popular with the young visitors to the Museum. Of the seals, beside the Oxford graduate, the interesting learned individual, the four very handsome specimens recently tanked—of course, their fate was sealed. The collection of birds was varied, and extensive, and very fine. Of these only a single silver pheasant, and two pelicans in the wilderness of monkeys were saved. We learn that the juvenile elephant, four years old, but old enough to know better than to be long in such a place, at such a time, was saved. The two camels stood not upon the order of their going, but went at once, obedient to their driver. The giraffe demurred, kicked Officer Hickey in the eye, and was otherwise demonstrative, but was soon removed to the exterior in safety, having some severe cuts on his hind quarters.

That animal, however, will bear considerable razzeing behind, and yet stand very high in provincial estimation. This morning, considering the cuts in the rear, he unquestionably prefers the new quarters in the St. Nicholas stables to his own. That "amoosin' little cus," as A. Ward calls him, the kangaroo was saved. A Japanese hog was also rescued from premature baconism. The zebra had an additional stripes to bear beyond his own, unless a few extras were laid on in getting him out. These were all the animals saved. The "snaix," the whole menagerie of monkeys, the Polar bear, the gnu, the American bears, and the rest were soon stifled and died easily. There is a fiction about terrific roaring, but it is a "roorback."

It is a real loss to the city, as to the proprietors, that this fine collection of animals should be so lost.

There was a melancholy and yet a mirth provoking group, temporarily harbored in the restaurant opposite the ruins of their late habitation. The giantess, we regret to say, met with a fall. Three men were supporting her frail form over Broadway, but as she stepped upon the further carbstone, she slipped and fell across the street, forming an obstacle to traffic only equalled by the piles of dirty snow which the assiduity of Whiting collected in the same thoroughfare. She was finally, however, got into the saloon by the united exertions of a sympathizing public without further damage, and in this refuge was joined by the fat woman, who contracted for this occasion only to the dimensions of the double door. To them shortly enter Zuruby Hannm, the Circassian girl whose hair radiated with more than usual self-assertion, and the fat boy who was emptied into a tub and brought in on the shoulder of four men.

Two pelicans were afterwards conveyed to the same haven; a stuffed fawn soon arrived, and the exiled curiosities ranged themselves against the wall, and poured their griefs into one another's bosoms to their own solace, let us hope, and anyhow, to the extravagant delight of a number of small boys who flattened their noses against the front windows, and exulted exuberantly in the possession of "a beat on Barnum." But the griefs of the curiosities shall be more moved to us than to them. Altogether, curiosities, keepers, attendants, and watchmen, there were from thirty to forty people who lodged in the Museum, and are made homeless by its destruction.

The scene in Mercer street was scarcely less wonderful than that in Broadway. From the Spring street entrance to the Prescott House there formed a distracted crowd of women, and as timid men. Dress, unless that of the *White Fawn* mode was scarce, and scarcely protected the wearers from the cutting blast of the winter's snow. Around the corner there gathered a motley group. Amongst these were mingled groups that saddened the observer. The dens that surround Mercer, Greene, Wooster, sent forth their representatives, dissolute men and abandoned women. The ribald joke was here the loudest. Barnum and the insurance companies, the Feejee Mermaid, the woolly horse, afforded subjects for the least objectionable sneer.

Mr. Barnum's Museum, which occupied the site of the new *Herald* building, was burned down July 13, 1865, and his loss was then estimated at $500,000. Two days afterwards the energetic Barnum published his programme for a new museum, and in a very short time afterwards he opened in the building which was burned this morning. He soon gathered a collection of curiosities in many respects superior to the first. A new and commodious theatre was built on the rear lot. A short time afterwards he purchased the Gordon Cumming's collection, and was constantly adding rare and strange articles.

Nearly the whole of these are lost. A week ago a new stage was built in the theatre expressly to bring out a gorgeous spectacle which has been some time in preparation, but the culmination this morning, was a sublimer yet sadder spectacle than was looked for, with red and yellow fire enough to fit out an whole herd of white fawns. It is well known that Mr. Barnum owns the lot on the corner of Broadway and Houston streets, and that he intended to commence the erection of a new museum very soon. The disaster *to-day will only inspire* the indomitable manager to hasten his intended enterprise.

☞Never hesitate to open an account with a pugilist. You can rely on it that it will not be long before he "squares off."

☞A "friend in need," is one who wants you to lend him ten dollars.

Our First Baby.

Bless its dear little bald head! Was there ever such a baby since the world began? Only look at the wonderful little red face! all puckered and twisted and wrinkled, looking first like a head of magenta colored cabbage!—a startling contrast to the smothering quantity of laces, frills, tucks, and puffs in which the little highly tinted wonder is arrayed. Its little head is not *looking exactly* "careless and happy," but decidedly *hairless* and *cappy* and like the proverbial Irish roll-of butter which had "only here and there a hair." If there is one point on which the "ma" is touchy it is concerning baby's hair, so the least said about the canary colored down the better.

Our first baby! Heaven bless the little red lump; what a dear little nose it has—not a bit bigger than a good sized wart! and such eyes—oh, such eyes—"beautiful eyes," mamma says, but *in reality* the "twin beauties" generally look like a pair of badly worked button holes, for *fresh* babies seldom are inclined to open their "peepers" wide enough to let any one see whether they are green or yellow. All babies look alike to most men, though women have a peculiar talent for distiguishing between them. Babies are generally supposed to resemble either of the parents, though I must conscientiously say that I never could see any great likeness to either one in the little pursed up phiz presented for inspection. The common expression of countenance would indicate that "baby" had been sucking a large size *pickle, and didn't like it much*, either.

When the first infant comes, its "pa" has to take a back seat. The newly invested "ma" has no time to waste in caresses on anything else, and in fact pa is looked upon as a sort of intruder if he presents his bill for a kiss now and then. He does not come in for the attention of departed days, for "ma" has to see to the making of "pap," the rolling of crackers and the administering of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

Poor Pa! although he is proud as a peacock, still inwardly kicks against this usurpation of his rights, and tho' he *sinks into* nonentity on the arrival of the first born, and tries to bear it like a hero, it takes a long time to get *used to it.*

For instance, he rushes home filled with a desire to attend Shake your hoof's party. He says "Susan, my dear, Mrs. S. gives a German to-night; let us go."

But Susan can't see it. She looks at him as if he had been guilty of cannibalism, and with the air of an injured woman, says:

"And leave Henry Augustus Cesar Jenkinson? Leave our "first baby?" Oh how *can* you, Charles William, *think* of such a thing, when the baby has had such a time to get those front teeth, too? Oh, you *cruel, cruel* parent; you are not fit to be the father of such an angel."

A terrible torrent of tears come in at this point, and Charles William, the miserable parent, withers into nothing.

In fact, there is no denying it, that the first baby walks into the affection (figuratively speaking) of the hitherto devoted wife, and husband is obliged to go out in the cold, and discuss the relative parts of "swill milk," "one cow's milk," "skim milk," "chalk milk," &c. He finds a peculiar charm in regarding all the almanacs of the year that treats of "remedy for colic," infants teething, chicken pox, nursing, sore mouth, measels, &c. And though the urchin won't wear shoes for months to come, Pa daily examines his toes and longs for the time to come when he can encase the little crooks in calfskin. Well, let the happy parents enjoy themselves over "our first babies." But while loving and tending the little lump, I beg of its happy mother not to forget that while she is devoting herself to "our baby," she must not neglect to give a stray, loving word or tender caress to its happy father.

Faithfully Yours,
ROSE RAYLAND.

—*Rochester Union.*

A WAR INCIDENT.—During Price's raid into Missouri in 1864, a skirmish took place on the line of Charlton and Howard counties, in which one of the Confederates was left on the ground dangerously wounded in the neck.—While in this condition Miss Sarah J. Smith, a school teacher in the vicinity happened to pass by. Seeing the wounded man, she went up to him and stanched his wounds, probably saving his life. She remained with him until near nightfall, when he requested her to leave, as his companions would probably come at night and take him away. If not, she would find him there in the morning, living *or dead. He said that he was known* by the name of Tucker, but that his real name was H. C. McDonald, and that he was from Louisville, Kentucky. *Next morning McDonald* was gone, and Miss Smith knew nothing concerning him afterward. A few days ago, the Glasgow (Mo.,) Times says, Miss Smith, who still resides in the neighborhood, received a letter from the administrator of H. C. McDonald, Sr., informing her that she was named in the will of the deceased as the legatee of fifty thousand dollars, in consideration of her having saved the life of his nephew and only heir, the H. C. McDonald named in connection with the incident of 1864.

☞"Johnny," said a carpenter to a rather green apprentice, "have you ground all the tools right?" "All but the hand saw. I could not get all the nicks out of that."

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Those subscribing for three, six or twelve months with the understanding that the paper be discontinued unless subscription is renewed, receiving a paper marked *with a † before* the name will understand that the time for which they subscribed is up. If they wish the paper continued they will renew their subscription through the mail or otherwise. tf.

☞All kinds of plain, fancy and ornamental Job Printing neatly and expeditiously executed at the "GLOBE" office. Terms moderate.

Trials of Temper.

Touching the temper of a lady is a tender point. It should be handled with great delicacy. We will merge it in a general question; to be personal might be rude. Well, then, reader *didst* thou ever know any mortal creature, man, woman, or child, that had really *a good* temper? If so, you have the advantage. Every body has heard scores of people rail against bad tempers and all who possess them, but they only illustrate the observation about "Satan rebuking sin." Who has not heard many persons praised for having good tempers? But they had their own points nevertheless. Those who revile bad tempers generally have them, and speak feelingly. Those who are called amiable have some forbearance and more tact. Show me a man that was never in a passion, and what will I show you?

There may be good tempers, to be sure. You, courteous reader, say decidedly that there are; we will not dispute, but reply upon it yours is not an example. Nothing personal is meant of course. Although you have now the lustre of good nature spread over your fine features, benevolence in your beaming eyes, and the sweetest of sweet smiles upon your lips, depend upon it there is a little tartar about you. And you may farther depend that, if there were not, your other qualities would be "wishy-washy,"—mere milk and water. If sincere, and that I am sure you are, you will admit this. It would be useless to deny it. You might not choose to remember all the pranks you have played from the hour of your birth; but your poor mother and your unfortunate nurse will never forget your squalling. They will remember how you threw your vile self backward, till they feared your back might be broken; how you hold your breath till you were as black in the face as the ace of spades; how you threw your pap over the hand that put it into your mouth in the vain hope to silence your ravings; how you tore your caps, kicked and screamed when you were washed, as if you travelled in hate and hated to be clean; how you made your father cross, your mother nervous, and your nurse wish you at the antipodes; all this they will remember, in spite of you, to their last moments.

How often has your mother, kind-hearted woman in her solicitude, made the nurse unfasten your clothes and take all the pins out! Confound you! as if you always had a pin in your back. But it was all the same; whether you had or not, cry you would, and you know it. You had no consideration for those about you. Do you forget how you stamped, and tore, and bellowed, in the days of your short frocks? How often you have been "put in a corner," with a chair before you, which your little foot had tried to kick down? How you have thrown that little body of yours upon the carpet, and kicked and sprawled, and roared, as if you wished to deafen everybody, while your parent, with a face as red as your own, and your nurse, with fingers itching to slap you, have tried every means to compose you, and have even filled your distended jaws with sugar to no purpose?—How many pots of current-jelly have been wasted upon you to keep you quiet? How many times have you pinched and scratched your brothers and sisters? How often have you torn the unhappy kitten nearly in half or tried your best to pull out her tail by the roots? Tell me that! and you talk of temper, forsooth!

Have you never clung to the leg of a table, or to the banisters, when they wanted to carry you to bed, after having been stunned by your noise for 10 or 11 hours? Have you never stood sulky and sullen, with a book in your hand, while your teacher has been trying an hour in vain to get a word out of you? Have you never dug your rascally knuckles into the nose of one of your schoolfellows for a marble?—Did you never needlessly quarrel with the girl that dearly loved you, and whose heart was pierced by your unkindness, to gratify your temper and show your power? Did you never make your wife miserable, and afraid to look at you? Did you never thump your child for the tricks you have often performed yourself, oh? Tell me that, or refer me to those who have known you and watched your progress.

All this and more you have done, it is likely, but you are silent and charitable when dear self is concerned.—Tell you the same things of another, and what will you say then? You will be virtuously indignant and justly severe. You will try to deceive yourself, and "thank heaven you have never done the like." But there are those you cannot deceive, and before whom you could not, for very shame, deny it. If, of the male part of the community, you have done all that has been described; if the "softer sex," you have done as much only in a different way. Who has not done it? Who is there better than others, though all court the reputation of being so? Better confess the truth, that others may profit (and may be ourselves if we are not too far gone) by the exposure of our faults.

☞Printers' devils are generally great ladies men, notwithstanding they have a very bad name. Some time ago one of those hard named fellows and his lady-love were taking an evening stroll, and as they were walking along chatting briskly upon the numerous topics of the day, she suddenly caught his hand, and looking smilingly into his face, asked: "Do you know why I cannot get religion?" "No, my dear, I do not." "It is because I love the devil."

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, March 11, 1868.

WM. LEWIS, HUGH LINDSAY, } EDITORS.

OUR CANDIDATES:

FOR PRESIDENT,

U. S. GRANT.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

A. G. CURTIN.

☞The free Railroad bill that passed the House early in the session, is in trouble. Several changes were made in the bill by the Senate, and the differences have been referred to a committee of conference. On the part of the House, it is alleged the Speaker has appointed a majority opposed to a free railroad law. If true, Speaker Davis has *not* disappointed some of the friends of a free law. It is not expected that a free railroad bill will pass through both houses this winter. The "ring" will be successful.

☞The Union Republican State Convention meets in Philadelphia today, the 11th. Gen. Hartranft will be re-nominated for Auditor General, and Col. Campbell will be re-nominated for Surveyor General. The Convention will be unanimous for Grant for President, and almost so for Andy Curtin for Vice President. We don't know, nor don't care, what the platform resolutions may be. Give us the right men, and it don't matter much what kind of campaign platforms you place them upon. Platforms are of small importance after an election is over—they don't have much binding force, especially when they are in the way of new ideas of progress and reform in politics and economy.

Impeachment.

President Johnson may continue to be President for several months—perhaps until the expiration of his term. True, his removal has been commenced in good earnest, but a failure would not surprise us in the least. There are several great men in the Republican party in the Senate who cannot be counted sure for the removal of the President. Time too, will bring about an opposition in the party to Mr. Wade occupying the Presidential chair. We must be patient for the result, and not be disappointed when we hear it. The Senate Court adjourned on Friday last until next Friday, when the President through his counsel will ask for further time to prepare for trial.

The Word "White."

Mr. Hickman, from Chester, some time since offered a resolution in the House of Representatives of our State Legislature, to amend our State Constitution by striking out the word "white" and imposing the intelligence test on voters. A vote was taken on the resolution on Tuesday of last week, which resulted as follows—Democrats in Roman, Republicans in *Italic*:

YEAS—Messrs. *Beckert, Burrett, Edwards, Ford, Gordon, Hickman, Leedom, Mann, Meredith, Philips, Reinorhl, Smith, Thorn.*

NAYS—Messrs. *Adaire, Armstrong,* Beans, Beard, *Berkstresser,* Brennan, Bull, Chalfant, *Chamberlain,* Cornman, Craig, Creitz, Dailey, *Day,* Deise, *Ewing,* Fogel, *Foy, Gallagher,* Glass, *Heilman, Herr, Holgate, Hong,* Hottenstein, *Jackson,* Jenks, Jones, Josephs, Kase, Kerns, *Kleckner,* Lawshe, Linton, McCullough, McHenry, *McJunkin,* McKinstry, Maish, *Miller* (Alleghenny,) Miller (Huntingdon,) *Mullen* (Michael,) Mullen (Thomas,) *Nicholson, Rea, Ridale,* Roush, Shively, *Steacy, Stokes,* Stout, *Strang, Subers, Wall, Weller,* Westbrook, *Westlake, Wharton, Wilson,* Winger, Witham, *Davis,* Speaker.

YEAS—13.—All Republicans.

NAYS—65.—Democrats and Republicans.

The above vote tells pretty plainly where the Republican party of the State stand on the question of negro suffrage. The great majority of the party are opposed to negro suffrage, political equality.

EXTREMISTS DEFEATED.—We have no doubt the vote in the House at Harrisburg, on the negro suffrage question, will give almost universal satisfaction in the Union Republican party. We have for years opposed negro suffrage, and we are gratified that *our* position has been endorsed by the almost unanimous vote of the Republican representatives of the party of the State. The Philadelphia *Morning Post*, extremist, says the defeat of Mr. Hickman's impartial suffrage resolution was a "*disgraceful surrender of the main principle of the Republican party by Republican Representatives.*" We deny the *Post's* assertion if we are permitted to give the sense of the Republican voters of this county in evidence. The Republican party is not in favor of negro suffrage, but unfortunately many of the leaders are, and they by their extreme teachings have seriously damaged the strength of the party. In Republican assemblies, majorities make platforms for the party, and party "organs" are expected to support the opinions of the majority. Will the *Journal & American* bolt, or will it now endorse the action of its party at Harrisburg by opposing negro suffrage. Will the "organ" grind out a tune without the monkey?

—Cumberland County, Gen. Geary's home, declared for Curtin for Vice President.

Political Items.

—Seventeen negative votes will save Mr. Johnson. In the Senate the Democrats have eleven. If six Republican Senators make up their minds against impeachment the indictment will fail. Certain vague rumors are floating about which seem to give the friends of the President some hope; and in this connection the names of Senators Fessenden, Trumbull, Anthony, Ross, Sprague and Frelinghuysen are frequently spoken and written, and in some quarters there is considerable speculation as to the motives which will be apt to weigh with them; which, taken separately or as a whole, strongly remind one that even United States Senators are human and, generally act pretty much as the average of mankind.—*Pittsburg Commercial.*

—From all the facts before us, and after the very fairest expression of public opinion that could possibly be had, it is frankly conceeded that Andrew G. Curtin is the declared choice of a very large majority of Republicans of Pennsylvania for the Vice Presidency. Gov. Curtin's bitterest personal traducers have never had the hardihood to deny his hold on popular affection. No man in the State is so cordially esteemed by the masses of the people, no man deserves more of the kind personal feelings of his fellow men.—*Harrisburg State Guard.*

—Jefferson Davis is at New Orleans. All the fire companies, as they passed the St. Charles Hotel, gave him repeated cheers. As they passed Gen. Hancock's headquarters they took off their hats and their bands played "The bonnie blue flag." But six out of thirty companies carried the flag of the United States. Great indignation is expressed by loyal citizens, and fears are entertained of trouble.

—The Democratic State Convention nominated two good men for Auditor and Surveyor. Mr. Boyle is a young man of 32 years, a strong party man of the radical Democratic school, but has the reputation of being honest. Gen. Ent is an older man and served in the army three years. The party could have done worse.

—Gen. Geo. R Vickers, was on Thursday last elected U. S. Senator by the Maryland Legislature, to take the place of Thomas rejected. Perhaps Gen. Vickers will get a seat. It is said he like Thomas also had a son in the rebel army.

—It is said that personal feeling is developing into a proposition to elect a new President of the Senate in order that the successful issue of the impeachment trial would not result in the elevation of Mr. Wade to the Presidency.

—The Republican State Convention of Ohio, on the 4th, declared for Grant for President and Wade for Vice President.

Chief Justice Chase Dissents from the Views of the Senate on Proceedings in Impeachment.

WASHINGTON, March 4, 1868

The following is Chief Justice Chase's communication sent to the Senate today:

To the Senate of the United States:—Inasmuch as the sole power to try impeachment is vested by the Constitution in the Senate, and it is made the duty of the Chief Justice to preside when the President is on trial, I take the liberty of submitting very respectfully some observations in respect to the proper mode of proceeding upon the impeachment which has been preferred by the House of Representatives against the President now in office; that when the Senate sits for the trial of impeachment it sits as a court seems unquestionable; that for the trial of an impeachment of the President this court must be constituted of the members of the Senate with Chief Justice presiding seems equally unquestionable. The *Federalist* is regarded as the highest contemporary authority in the construction of the Constitution, and in the sixty fourth number the functions of the Senate sitting in their judicial capacity as a court for the trial of impeachment, are examined in a paragraph explaining the reasons for not uniting the Supreme Court with the Senate in the formation of the court of impeachment. It is observed that to a certain extent the benefits of that union will be obtained from making the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, the president of the court of impeachment, as is proposed in the plan in the convention, while the inconveniences of the entire corporation of the former into the latter will be substantially avoided. This was perhaps the most prudent reason. This authority seems to leave no doubt upon either of the propositions just stated, and the statement of them will serve to introduce the question upon which I think it my duty to state the result of my reflections to the Senate—namely, at what period in the case of impeachment of the President should the court of impeachment be organized, under oath, as directed in the Constitution? It will readily suggest itself to any one who reflects upon the abilities and the learning in the law which distinguish so many Senators, that beside the reason assigned in the *Federalist* there must have been still another, for the provision requiring the Chief Justice to preside in the court of impeachment. Under the Constitution, in case of a vacancy in the office of President, the Vice President succeeds to it, and it was doubtless thought prudent and benefiting that the next in succession should not preside in a proceeding through which a vacancy might be created. It was not doubted that the Senate, while sitting in its ordinary capacity, must necessarily receive from the House of Representatives some notice of intention to impeach the President at its bar, but does not seem to me an unwarrantable provision in view of this Constitutional provision that the organization of the Senate as a court of impeachment under the Constitution, should precede the actual announcement of impeachment on the part of the House, and it may perhaps be a still less unwarranted opinion that articles of impeachment should only be presented to a court of impeachment; that no summons or other process should issue except from the organized court, and that rules for the government of the proceedings of such a court should be framed only by the court itself. I have found myself unable to come to any other conclusions than these. I can assign no reason for requiring the Senate to organize as a court under any other than its ordinary presiding officer for the later proceedings upon an impeachment of the President, which does not seem to me to apply equally to the earlier. I am informed that the Senate has proceeded upon other views, and it is not my purpose to contest what its superior wisdom may have directed. All good citizens will fervently pray that no occasion may ever arise when the grave proceedings now in progress will be cited as a precedent, but it is not impossible that such an occasion may come. Inasmuch, therefore, as the Constitution has charged the Chief Justice with an important function in the trial of impeachment of the President, it has seemed to me fitting and obligatory, where he is unable to concur in the views of the Senate concerning matters ostential to the trial, that his respectful dissent should appear.

(Signed,) S. P. CHASE,
Chief Justice.

FROM WASHINGTON.

THE IMPEACHMENT.

WASHINGTON, March 4, 1868.

The articles of impeachment were presented to-day by the managers selected by the House for the purpose.—At five minutes past one o'clock they entered the Senate, amid deathless silence, preceded by the Sergeant at Arms of the Senate. As they stepped inside the bar of the Senate, the Sergeant at Arms announced, in a loud voice, the Managers of the House of Representatives to present articles of impeachment. Mr Bingham was in front, having the arm of Gov. Boutwell, followed by Messrs. Wilson and Williams. Next came old Thad. Stevens. He walked alone, looking very feeble. The managers walked to the front part of the Senate Chamber, close to the President's desk and took seats, while the members of the House ranged themselves around the seats of the Senators.

After silence was restored, Mr. Bingham rose and said, holding the articles in his hand: "The Managers of the House of Representatives, by order of the House of Representatives, are ready at the bar of the Senate, if it will please the Senate to hear them, to present the articles of impeachment, in maintenance of the impeachment preferred against Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, by the House of Representatives."

Hon. B. F. Wade, President of the Senate, then said: "The Sergeant at Arms will make proclamation."

The Sergeant at Arms then said:—"Hear ye, hear ye! Persons are commanded to keep silence on pain of imprisonment while the House of Representatives is exhibiting to the United States Senate articles of impeachment against Andrew Johnson, President of the United States."

Mr. Bingham then rose and commenced reading the articles. Every person kept perfectly still while Mr. Bingham was reading the articles.—The galleries were closely packed, and hundreds of people stood in the halls and corridors, unable to get even a glimpse of the inside proceedings. All the managers stood up while the articles were being read, except Thad. Stevens, who remained in his chair, looking weak, but exceedingly pleased at the scene. Every Senator was in his seat, and preserved strict silence while the articles were read. It was especially noticeable that none of the Democratic members went with the Republicans to the Senate chamber.—Speaker Colfax occupied a seat by the side of President Wade.

At the conclusion of the reading of the articles, which occupied thirty minutes, President Wade said: "The Senate will take due order and cognizance of the articles of impeachment, of which due notice will be given by the Senate to the House of Representatives."

The House then withdrew, with Mr. Dawes, as chairman of the House in committee of the whole on the State of the Union, to the hall of the House.

As the powers and duties of the Chief Justice in presiding over the court of impeachment are subjects of much comment, Senator Conkling, of New York, in his speech on this subject, referred to various authorities, including Foster's Crown laws and the third volume of Lord Campbell's Lives of the Chancellors, all of which, Senator Conkling said, made it clear that the immemorial understanding in England has been that the officer whose duty it is to preside at the trials of impeachment has definite fuctions, convenient and conducive to order and the dispatch of business, and that the duty to vote or to decide is not among his duties or his powers. The fact of his presiding, or of his being authorized or commissioned to preside, according to these cases, carries with it no right to act as a trier or a member.—The framers of our Constitution were profoundly learned in the practice and the meaning of British law, and the word "preside," when used by them, may well be supposed to have been selected to convey a greater meaning than had been attached to it in the great struggles of privilege and power, from which they had derived the philosophy of government under our Constitution.

The Chief Justice being separated from both the political departments of the Government, was deemed the person most fit, by reason not only of his disinterestedness, but of his learning and the great consideration of his position.

WASHINGTON, March 5, 1868.

Another big day in Washington and big jam at the Capitol, and another very important step in the programme of impeachment. As early as nine o'clock this morning all the avenues leading to the capitol were thronged, for it was known that the Senate would, at one o'clock resolve itself into the high court which is to weigh and determine Andrew Johnson's right to continue in office. Long before the hour of noon the galleries of the Senate were crowded with an attentive concourse of both sexes. The ladies' gallery presented an unusually brilliant appearance and its occupants chattered like ten thousand magpies, until a rap of the Vice President's gavel awed them into silence and warned them of a prayer from the Chaplain, which immediately followed. The usual routine business of the morning hour proceeded, and is voted a bore by all present. People have come to witness a great ceremony, and have no patience with previous bills and such legislative trifles as seem to engross the attention of the Senate for the first hour.

One o'clock is anxiously watched for, and promptly at that hour the entrance doors of the Senate Chamber were thrown open, and floors and galleries are hushed into keen expectancy. A moment later the Chief Justice, easily recognizable in his judicial robes enters, accompanied by Senator Pomeroy on his left, and followed by Judge Nelson, who is in plain citizen dress, and walked arm in arm with Senator Wilson. Mr. Wade, in the chair, immediately raps the gavel, suspends legislative business, announces the resolution of yesterday for the organization of the court, and vacates the chair The Chief Justice with his escort walks down the aisle to the desk of the Vice President, behind which he stands and says: "Senators, I am here in obedience to your notice for the purpose of proceeding with you in forming a court of impeachment for the trial of Andrew Johnson, President of the United States. I am now ready to take the oath."

Associate Justice Nelson then administered the following oath to the Chief Justice: "I do solemnly swear that in all things appertaining to the trial of the impeachment of Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, now pending, I will do impartial justice according to the Constitution and the laws, so help me God."

The Chief Justice then took the chair vacated a few moments before by Mr. Wade, and ordered the Senators to be sworn in in succession.

By this time the galleries were so crowded that scores of ladies were seated on the steps and in the aisles, and the doors were choked up with spectators.

There was some disappointment that the Senators were not sworn in groups as on the first day of Congress, instead of one by one in alphabetic order.—Commencing with Anthony the roll proceeded, and as the names were called the Senators approached the desk of the presiding officer, where the Chief Justice administered the same oath that he himself had taken a few moments before. Meantime the managers in the front of the House had come over in procession, and were waiting to enter the chamber, led by Mr. Bingham. They evidently expected a shorter process of organizing the court. As it was they did not make their appearance inside the bar of the Senate. Name after name was called and Senator after Senator was qualified. Only three failed to respond—Messrs. Doolittle and Patterson, of New Hampshire, who are campaigning in the East, and Saulsbury, who was laboring under an indisposition to which he is an unfortunate victim.

The call had reached the W's, and there were only five names remaining on the roll. It seemed as if the organization of the Court was all but complete, but at the call of Mr. Wade's name the monotony of the past half hour was interrupted by Mr. Hendricks, who rose in his seat, and in a few incisive sentences undertook to show why Mr. Wade should not be permitted to sit as a member of the court that may transfer him the Executive office now held by Andrew Johnson, for whose displacement the Court is organized. He spoke briefly, but stated his case plainly. His point was that as the Constitution provided that the Vice President could not sit as President of the Court, because it involved his own succession. So neither could Mr. Wade, who was the acting Vice President, sit as a member of the Court.

Several Senators rose to respond, Messrs. Howard and Sherman among them. The Chief Justice recognized the latter, who evidently prepared for what had occurred, replied that his colleague was a Senator from Ohio; that Ohio was entitled to two representatives in the Court, and quoted from the Constitution.

Mr. Howard followed. He could see no distinction between Mr. Patterson, who was connected with the President by ties of relationship, and Mr. Wade, who had merely an interest in the result of the trial. Mr. Howard sat down, and against them were several claimants for the floor. Reverdy Johnson was recognized, and in a short speech, which commanded breathless attention in the chamber, supported the views of Mr. Hendricks, quoting as a precedent established by the Senate itself in the case of Mr. Stockton, of New Jersey, in which it was declared that no man could vote in any question in which he was personally interested. He referred to Mr. Sumner, who had labored hard to get that decision in the Stockton case.

Mr. Sumner attempted to get the floor in reply to show the want of analogy between the two cases, but Garrett Davis attracted the eye of the Chief Justice first, and in a speech of about five minutes duration, attempted to show that Mr. Hendrick's objection was well taken.

Mr. Morrill, of Maine, thought the objection could only come from the accused, and that no Senator had a right to make it.

The point was soon after put into more forcible illustration by Mr. Morton, when he said that no Senator had a right to challenge unless he appeared on the floor as the counsel for the accused. If Mr. Hendricks and the others who denied Mr. Wade the right to a seat in the court, appeared here as Mr. Johnson's attorneys, well and good, but if so, he did not see how they could not be jurors also. This short speech of Morton's fell with great weight upon all present.

Messrs. Williams and Fessenden maintained that the present was not the time to settle the question. The court was not yet organized, and it was not for one Senator to say that one and this one should not sit as a member.

This presented a confused aspect of affairs. Manifestly it was not the Senate that was in session, for if so the Chief Justice would not be in the chair. It was not in high court of impeachment, for that was not yet finally organized. It was a transition state from one to the other, and a very critical juncture at which to raise such an important question as was now being debated.

Still the debate went on. Messrs. Sumner, Pomeroy, Grimes, Dixon and others took part. Each speech seemed, instead of deciding the question, to open up new points of discussion. At half past four it became evident that the subject could not be determined to-day, and the Court, and immediately after the Senate, adjourned to renew the debate to-morrow.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—The crowd at the capitol to-day was even greater than yesterday, but better order was preserved. Mr. Wade occupied the chair until Chief Justice Chase entered the Chamber. He took his seat and called the Senate to order.

The Chief Justice stated the case as it stood at the hour of adjournment yesterday, from which it appeared that the pending motion was that of Reverdy Johnson, to postpone the consideration of Mr. Hendrick's objection to Mr. Wade's admission as a member of the Court until the other Senators were sworn in. Upon this question he said: "The Senator from Connecticut is entitled to the floor." Mr. Dixon immediately arises, with books and documents before him, evidently prepared for a long speech against Mr. Wade's admission.

Mr. Howard, of Michigan, who is the leador of the impeachment in the Senate, has however prepared himself since yesterday with a question of order, and is prompt to use it and interrupt Mr. Dixon on the threshold of his argument. Objections were made to Mr. Dixon proceeding. The chair decided in favor of Mr. Dixon finishing his speech. Senators appealed from the decision of the Chair. A vote was taken and the Chair was sustained, yeas 24, nays 20, so Mr. Dixon proceeded.

Reverdy Johnson follows him, and then Mr. Hendricks rises, and after a few remarks, says that he has concluded to withdraw his objection to Mr. Wade's admission, the debate having attracted the attention of the country to the subject, and thus accomplished all he wanted.

Reverdy Johnson interposes an objection to the withdrawal, but finally yields, and Mr. Wade comes forward, takes the oath, and becomes qualified as a member of the court.

The Senate is now fully organized as a Court of Impeachment.

Next comes this proclamation from the Sergeant-at-Arms, uttered in a full round voice: "Hear ye; Hear ye! all persons are commanded to keep silent while the Senate is sitting as a high court of impeachment, for the trial of Andrew Johnson, President of the United States."

The Court now being fully organized, the Chief Justice rose and briefly addressed the members to the effect that the rules adopted by the Senate for the government of the court should be adopted by the court, or they could not be considered binding upon it. By a vote, the court then adopted the rules as recently published in the proceedings of the Senate.

Mr. Howard now rose and moved that the Secretary of the Senate be directed to notify the House of Representatives of the organization of the court. This was a formal motion not necessary for the information of the House managers, for they were all waiting in the lobbies, with the exception of Mr. Stevens, and they soon appeared at the bar of the Senate, and asked through Mr. Bingham, their chairman, that Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, be summoned to appear before the court of impeachment to answer to articles which they were ready to maintain. Mr. Howard moved that a summons be issued and made returnable on Friday, the 13th inst., and it was so ordered.

Mr. Anthony submitted a motion so to amend one of the rules as to allow the Chief Justice either to decide questions of order or submit them to the court as he might think it proper, but without action, the court adjourned until next Friday, and the Senate went into legislative session.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—It is learned from respectable Republican sources to-night that it has been virtually conceded, in view of conflicting interests, that Wade will resign his position as President of the Senate in the event of the conviction of President Jonnson, thereby leaving the office open either to a new election by the Senate or to the Speaker of the House, who in the absence of any acting Vice President becomes President of the United States. This will probably be looked upon as a little sensational, but the source from whence the information is derived fully warrants its publication.

The President took a decided position to day relative to the status of General Thomas, and has invited him to hereafter attend the Cabinet meetings. Such business as reaches the Executive relative to the War Department will be turned over to General Thomas as Secretary of War *ad interim*. Those who favor impeachment say that this course will necessitate another article against the President.

—The disease known as pleureo-pneumonia is committing great ravages among the cattle in the vicinity of Baltimore. In one stable thirty-eight cases occurred, thirty-five of which were fatal. The scourge is believed by some to be the rinderpest.

Better than Foreign Port.

Speer's Port Grape Wine is better than imported Port, and since the adulteration of the latter it must take its place. It is pure and really excellent and health giving.—*Troy Times.*

Our druggists have some direct from Mr. Speer.

—Radical Restoration. Its good ef fects are permanent. It not only restores the color of the hair, but the quantity and natural glossiness. This is said by every one using Mrs. S. A Allen's Improved (*new style*) Hair Restorer or Dressing, (*in on bottle.*) Every Druggist sells it. Price one Dollar.

—Horse-bills printed in the best style at this office. Owners and keepers will make a note of this.

☞School Books of all kinds for sale at Lewis' Book Store. tf.

Democratic State Convention.

The Democratic State Convention met at Harrisburg on the 4th inst. The following ticket was nominated.

For Auditor General, Charles E. Boyle, of Fayette County.

For Surveyor General, Gen. Wellington Ent, of Columbia County.

The following resolutions reported by a committee were adopted:

Resolved, That the happiness of the people and the preservation and continuance of our power as a Republic, depend upon the perpetuity of the Union and the preservation of the Constitution, and the prompt restoration of each and all of the States to the enjoyment of their rights and functions in the Union is essential to our progress, our prosperity and the protection of our liberties, and radical legislation is the barrier thereto.

Resolved, That the Constitution of the United States is the supreme law. It is binding upon the people and upon every department of the Government, and it is the highest duty of those in and out of official place to yield implicit obedience to all its provisions, until it is changed in the manner provided therein. The recent attempts of the legislative branch of the Government to usurp the office of the Executive, and to destroy the independence of the Judiciary, are deliberate attacks upon the plainest provisions of the Constitution, in utter violation of its spirit, and tend to the overthrow of the Government itself.

Resolved, That the Radicals in Congress have wrung from the people enormous sums of money which they have squandered in reckless extravagance; that their system of revenue is ill-devised, incongruous and inequitable; that rigid economy in every branch of the public service, a decrease in the number of officials, a reduction in the army and navy, and reform in the collection of the revenue, are imperativoly demanded, and only by this means can a reduction in the amount of taxation now imposed on the industrial and manufacturing interests be attained, and the payment of our indebtedness be assured.

Resolved, That the Republican party is responsible to the country for the delay in the restoration of the Southern States to their just relations in the Union, and for the government of their people by military rule; that the purpose of these measures is to perpetuate radical power through the votes of illiterate negroes, and that these are the great primary causes of injustice on the part of the Government in all its departments.

Resolved, That in enacting the tenure of office law, the Legislative and Executive branches of the Government, each for itself had a right to judge of its constitutionality and that in thus exercising the right the Executive was only complying with that portion of his oath of office which required him to preserve, protect and defend the Constitution of the United States, and that it is the right of every branch of the Government and of every citizen to have questions involving the constitutionality of any law speedily adjudged by the Supreme Court of the United States, and the right of all the people to have said decisions enforced.

Resolved, That the pending impeachment of the President of the United States is a gross and reckless abuse of partisan power without justifiable cause and intended for the attainment of party purposes, at the sacrifice of the most vital interests of the country. [Cheers.]

Resolved, That a return to a specie paying basis at the earliest practical moment is essential to the interests of the people and the prosperity of the nation.

Resolved, That the National debt should be paid as rapidly as is consistent with the terms of the laws upon which the several loans are based.

Resolved, That the five-twenty bonds and the legal tender notes are component parts of the same financial system, and until the Government is able to redeem the legal tender in coin the holders of those bonds should be required to receive legal tenders in payment.

Resolved, That every species of property should bear its fair proportion of taxation, and that the exemption of Government bonds therefrom is unjust and inequitable.

Resolved, That we recognize with emotions of the deepest gratitude the efforts of the gallant volunteer soldiery who so freely took up arms to protect the flag and preserve the Union, and we denounce as unjust to them the efforts of the Radicals to prevent a restoration of the Union until negro supremacy is established in certain States, and negro equality made the rule in all.

Resolved, That the naturalization of foreign born citizens places them on the same footing as those born in this country, and it is the duty of the Government to see that all citizens, naturalized and native, are protected in their rights of life, liberty and property abroad as well as at home, and that in the view of the Democracy the flag of the country ought and must be made to protect all our citizens.

The resolutions were unanimously adopted, amid cheers.

A resolution instructing the delegates to the National Convention to vote as a unit was adopted.

Wm. A. Wallace was re-elected Chairman of the State Committee. David Caldwell was appointed on the Committee from this County. Cyrus L. Pershing of Cambria was placed on the Electoral ticket for this District. Jerald J. Borns and Dr. Rowan Clark are delegates from this district to the National Convention. Isaac Hiester, Wm. H. Woodward, Asa Packer and Wm. Bigler, were elected delegates at large to the National Convention.

Ladies Dresses and Boys Clothing.

The undersigned inform the public that they are prepared to make Ladies Dresses of all kinds in the most substantial and fashionable styles. Also Boys' Clothing. They respectfully solicit a share of patronage.

B. ANNIE M'CABE.
EMMA OSWALT.

Huntingdon, Dec. 16, 1867,—tf.

Stamps and Blanks.

Revenue Stamps of all kinds, Deeds, Mortgages, Bonds, Judgment, Exemption and Common Notes, Justice's and Constable's Blanks of all kinds, School Orders and Agreements, Leases, Agreements, Marriage Certificates, License Petitions and Bonds, etc., etc., and Blank Books of all kinds, for sale at LEWIS' Book Store. tf.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

RARE CHANCE.—The exclusive control and sale of five valuable inventions, needed in every family, and paying large profits, can be secured, by applying either personally or by letter to
mch11-4w J. S. LASH & CO.,
727 Market street, Philadelphia.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
[Estate of GEO. C. BUCHER, dec'd.]
Letters of administration upon the estate of George C. Bucher, late of Alexandria borough, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the estate will make payment, and those having claims will present them for settlement.
NICHOLAS CRESSWELL,
Alexandria, Mch. 11-6t. Administrator.

CHEAP PAINTING.
PAINTING AT ½ COST OF LEAD.
100 lbs. of PECORA CO'S colored Paints, (costing $12½) will paint as much as 250 pounds of Lead and wear longer. For particulars address,
S. BOWEN, Sec'y.,
150 North Fourth street,
PHILADELPHIA.

LEWIS RICHTER,
Boot and Shoe Maker.
I guarantee entire satisfaction in Fit, Style, Material and Workmanship, and a saving of 25 per cent. on prevailing prices. Shop one door east of Johnston & Watson's store, Huntingdon, Pa. mh11-6m

NOTICE.
BROAD TOP COAL AND IRON COMPANY,
New York, March 4th, 1868.
NOTICE is hereby given that a Special Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be held at their office No. 119 Broadway, New York, on THURSDAY, MARCH 26th, at 11 o'clock, a. m., to take action to increase the capital by the issue of special (or preferred) stock to an amount not exceeding two-fifths; to decrease the capital stock not more than one-half; to issue an eight per cent. special (or preferred) stock in place of stock to be cancelled.
WILLIAM FLAGG,
ROBERT W. MELBANE,
SAMUEL JAUDON,
ROBERT H. BELDON,
mch11-3t Directors.

NOTICES IN BANKRUPTCY.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.

ASSIGNEE APPOINTED.
In the matter of JAMES SAXTON, Bankrupt.
To whom it may concern:
The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of the estate of JAMES SAXTON, of HUNTINGDON, in the county of Huntingdon, in the said district, who was, to wit: on the 27th day of December, A. D. 1867, adjudged a bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.
Dated at Huntingdon, this 6th day of March, A. D. 1868.
MARTIN L. LONGENECKER,
mh11-3t Assignee.

In the District Court of the United States, for the Western District of Pennsylvania.

ASSIGNEE APPOINTED.
In the matter of SIMON COHN, Bankrupt.
To whom it may concern:
The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of the estate of SIMON COHN, of Coffee Run, in the county of Huntingdon, in the said district, who was, to wit: On the 4th day of February, A. D., 1868, adjudged a Bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.
Dated at Huntingdon, this 6th day of March, A. D. 1868.
WILLIAM LEWIS,
mh11-3t Assignee.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENN'A.

IN THE MATTER of WILLIAM A. WHITTAKER, Bankrupt, Western District of Pennsylvania, ss:
THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE: That on the 25th day of February, 1868, a Warrant of Bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania, against the estate of WILLIAM A. WHITTAKER, of Huntingdon, in the county of Huntingdon, in said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition: That the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; and that a meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden in the Court House in Huntingdon, before JOHN BROTHERLINE, Esq., Register for said district, on the 10TH DAY OF APRIL, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock, a. m.
THOS. A. ROWLEY, U. S. Marshal,
mh.11.-4t By S. THOS. ELDER, Deputy Marshal.

In the District Court of the United States, for the Western District of Pennsylvania.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—In the matter of ROBERT F. HASLETT, Bankrupt:
This is to give notice, that on the 21st day of February 1868, a Warrant of Bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania, against the estate of ROBERT F. HASLETT, of Spruce Creek, in the county of Huntingdon, in said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt, on his own petition: That the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; and that a meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Court House in Huntingdon, before JOHN BROTHERLINE, Esq., Register for said District, on the 27th day of March, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock, a. m.
THOS. A. ROWLEY, U. S. Marshal,
feb26-4t By S. THOS. ELDER, Deputy Marshal.

THE OLD ESTABLISHED FIRM,
J. J. RICHARDSON & CO.,
126 MARKET STREET, PHILAD'A,
Is the Largest Manufacturing Confectioners and Wholesale Dealers in Fruits, Nuts, &c., in the United States.
mh4-1y

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—
[Estate of Elizabeth S. Entrekin, dec'd.]
Letters of Administration upon the estate of Elizabeth S. Entrekin, late of Lincoln township, Huntingdon co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them to the undersigned, and all persons indebted will make immediate payment.
JOHN E. KETTERMAN,
Mch4-6t Administrator.

VERGNE'S IMPROVED
OIL.
A chemical preparation of Lard, or Lard Oil, neutralizing its attraction for OXYGEN—the source of gum, &c., and imparting to it (by chemical affinity) a property of ATTRACTION FOR METALS,
whereby it is retained, in lubrication,
CONTINUOUSLY PURE
from at least 25 to 50 per cent. longer than sperm oil.
BY BBLS. $1.85; CASE, OR 200 GALLONS, $1.50 PER GALLON.

5 gallc., square can,	-	$11 03—Case, 2-12 Doz.	-	$22 05
3 " " "	-	6 75— " 2-12 "	-	13 50
1 " " "	2 48— " 6-12 "	-	14 75
½ " " "	1 32— " 1 "	-	15 84

Cans credited on return in order. Discount by case, to retail dealers.

SEWING MACHINE OIL.
The Oil is also put up as a Sewing Machine and Armor Oil, in 3 to 4 oz., (white flint,) 25 cents—packed in one doz., ¼ and ½ gross cases; in 8oz., 50 cents—packed in 1, 4 and 8 doz. cases; and in 24 oz., $1.00—packed in ½, 1 and 2 doz. cases; sold by sewing Machine agents, First Class Druggists, Grocers and Country Merchants. Orders received through the trade.

The winter standard of the Oil is 35° to 40° Fah't.

Oil in casks and bbls. subject to return and credit within 15 days, sample lots 30 days, after date of delivery, if not satisfactory.

Orders by bbl., &c., sent through Messrs. SMITH & CO., Manufacturers' supplies, Market street; B. BULLOCK'S SONS, Wool, 42 south Front street, WM. SELLERS & CO., Machinists, and the PHILADELPHIA MACHINE AGENCY, 6th and Minor streets, Philadelphia.

C. B. DE LA VERGNE, AG'T.,
Branch Manufactory, 106 Callowhill St.,
PHILADELPHIA.
mh4-3m

JAS. E. CALDWELL & CO.,
JEWELERS,
NO. 902 CHESTNUT STREET,
PHILADELPHIA,
Manufacturers and Importers
Of every description of
FIRST CLASS GOODS,
belonging to the Business of
Goldsmiths and Silversmiths,
Have removed to their
NEW MARBLE STORE,
Extending from Chestnut Street to Sansom Street, affording ample room and convenient accessories, giving opportunity for a proper display of goods, and better means for their examination.

With extensive and favorable arrangements in this Country and in Europe, we are in a position to offer at moderate FIXED prices
Watches, Diamonds, Bronze & Marble Goods, Silver Wares, Jewelry, Porcelain, Plated Goods, Musical Boxes,
and every description of
FANCY ARTICLES.
Strangers visiting the city are cordially invited to examine our New Store. [mh4,68,-1y.

$25 AGENTS WANTED. $25
We want first-class Agents to introduce our IMPROVED
STAR SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE.
The cheapest and best Machine in the whole country. Extraordinary inducements to good, active salesmen. Particulars and sample work furnished on application.
A. J. DUMONT, Agent,
feb26-3m 630 Arch street, Philadelphia.

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, March 11, 1868.

LOCAL & PERSONAL.

☞ Subscribers to *The Globe* will remember that they can discontinue their subscriptions at any time, and the amount paid on the same (after deducting for the time the paper may have been sent) will be refunded.

To Our Friends.

We propose to make considerable improvement in the appearance of the GLOBE early in the spring, if our friends will do *their* part by giving us the necessary encouragement. All arrearages can be paid up—and every good subscriber and friend can procure for the GLOBE an additional advance paying subscriber, which would give us support sufficient to enable us to give our patrons a much better paper than we can afford to give now. All our *patrons* would be gainers by merely using their influence to secure for us the necessary additional help. We cannot complain of the support we now receive from a generous public, but if it was more liberal we could give a better paper for the same money each subscriber now pays. Will our friends and patrons go to work immediately, that we may be able to make arrangements for the improvement at an early day.

Brief Items.

—Altoona is to have another Methodist church.

—A new stock of spectacles just received at Lewis' Book Store.

—Notions, too numerous to mention, for sale at Lewis' Book Store.

—The largest and most handsome stock of new styles of Wall Paper ever received in Huntingdon, for sale at Lewis' Book Store. Call and see.

—The depth of frost in the ground this winter, is pronounced by railroad men to be greater than in any season for forty years. Has that got anything to do with rails breaking?

—We learn that the distillery of Gen. John McComb, about eight miles below this place, was destroyed by fire, together with about one hundred bushels of grain, on Monday night of last week.

—We see by the Mifflin papers that the barber-shop of Samuel Richardson, who is known to our community, was entered recently and about five dollars in money and a silver watch taken therefrom.

—We understand that the round house and machine shops of the Penna. Railroad at Patterson, are to be enlarged. That don't look much as if Huntingdon was going to get them, as some people suppose.

—*Persons can perform a pleasant* act by feeding the little birds which come around their houses and yards in search of food. Corn meal or crumbs of bread should be thrown where they can have access to them.

—The value of the sheep killed by dogs in the United States, for 1867, is estimated by the Commissioner of Agriculture at $2,000,000. The subsistence of the whole number of dogs in all the States is estimated by him to cost annually $50,000,000.

—The dead body of a naked newborn infant was found on the track of the railroad, near Altoona, by some workmen, recently. It had apparently lain there but a short time, and had in all probability been thrown from a saloon window on the fast line east.

—Sometimes one gets along without advertising. Instances are given of pilgrims reaching Mecca on their knees. It is easier, pleasanter, swifter to travel in the cars. Liberal and discreet advertising puts business on wheels, and renders it active, beneficent to the public, and remunerative to the dealer.

—Rev. Daniel Hartman, G. W. C. of Pennsylvania, delivered an interesting lecture on temperance in the Court House on Friday evening last. The audience was larger than we anticipated, and we thought we did injustice to our citizens in saying some time ago that they did not appreciate lectures. We are glad to make amends.

—We find the following item in the Manhattan (Kansas) *Independent*:—"We spoke last week of the completion of the massive stone abutments of the dam at Rocky Ford, and the starting of the saw mill. This work has been done under the immediate charge of Mr. Wm. Gayton, of Huntingdon county, Pa., who has shown himself to be a skillful manager of men, as well as a thorough workman."

—It only needs an occasional visit to the western limits of our town, to see how West Huntingdon is improving. Eight houses are under way, and more are talked of. Since the location of the Normal School in that neighborhood is a certainty, lot-holders dislike to part with their property in anticipation of higher prices. We hope they will not ask such prices however as will retard the spirit of improvement.

—We have received the first number of the *Bedford County Press*, published at Bloody Run, by Messrs. Long & Co. Bloody Run is what the Yankee would call a "smart" place, and we have no doubt it will prove "smart" enough to liberally support its local paper. The paper professes to be neutral in politics, but alive to the business welfare and educational interests of that community, and we hope it will exert a "salutary" influence in that direction.

—A brace of cunning fellows in New York, representing themselves to be "Attorneys and Counsellors," profess the desire to forward "the ends of justice" by collecting from the proprietors of Gift Enterprises the prizes justly due to the ticket holders. A remittance of two dollars is the preliminary step in the proceedings. It is needless to say that this new feature is a new mode of swindling, and we advise the recipients of their advertisement to pay no attention to it whatever, unless it is to put it in the stove.

ART.—*Watson's Tableaux of the Life of the First Napoleon—The Works of a Huntingdon County Artist.*—At the quiet village of Franklinville, in this county, resides Mr. Jerry Watson, an artist whose industry at *productions have* attracted the notice of all admirers of art who reside in his neighborhood and of all connoisseurs who have happened there. During a part of the year 1866 he was located at Spruce Creek, where his time was occupied in portrait painting, and his many correct likenesses of living subjects were to him a source of gratifying remuneration. Recently he has been devoting his skill and labor to a work of a higher order. He is at present engaged on a series of Tableaux representing scenes in the Life of Napoleon Bonaparte, and consisting of a number of oil paintings valued at one hundred thousand dollars. Among them will be full length portraits of Napoleon and Josephine, each on canvas eight feet high. The historical events represented are the "Battle of the Pyramids," "Passage of the Red Sea," "Crossing the Arabian Desert," "Divorce and Death of Josephine," "Return from Elba," "Crossing the Alps," "Death of the Duke D'Enghein," "Reconnoiter of the Field of Waterloo," "Retreat from Waterloo," "Last Adieu to France," "Napoleon's Death at St. Helena," "Napoleon's Vision of Josephine and his Dead Marshals," "His Tomb in the Invalides of Paris." The value of these paintings consist to a great extent in the truthfulness of the portraits and the correctness of the scenes represented. The latter are in strict accordance with the descriptions of the best historians.

Accompanying the exhibition of these paintings will be delivered a course of lectures, commencing with the breaking out of the French Revolution and embracing the career of Napoleon from *that time until the close of* his life on the Island of St. Helena. Notice will also be taken of the event generally known as "Napoleon's Murder of the Mamelukes at Joppa." The object of the artist is to exhibit Napoleon morally (considering all *his circumstances*) *physically and intellectually*, as the greatest man that ever lived.—The artist himself says, "This you may think would be hard to make the masses of the people believe, since Napoleon has been so often styled by the historian an 'ambitious monster,' delighting in war and in the shedding of blood and who died an infidel at last, but when such libels are reasonably removed, his character would emerge from behind the cloud only the brighter." This entire series of historic paintings will be finished about the first of May, and we believe it is Mr. Watson's intention to give the first exhibition of them to his neighbors at Franklinville. We hope the second will be at Huntingdon.

M. S. L.

Meeting of the Town Council.

The following are the minutes of a regular meeting of the Burgess and Town Council, held March 6th, 1868:

Chief Burgess, E. C. Summers, presiding; present, Burgess, Summers, Glazier, *and Miller*; Councilmen, Artley, Heffright, Fisher, King, R. Cunningham, Black.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and adopted.

Committee appointed to report on measurement of excavation made by N. Williams, ask for an extension of time. Granted.

On motion, *Resolved*, That sexton of cemetery be governed in price of digging graves by the provisionstof an ordinance on the books relating thereto.

On motion, *Resolved*, That the street committee authorize the street commissioner to open the water ways at all the street crossings in the borough.

The exoneration list of Wm. King, collector for the year ending April 1st 1868, being examined by the meeting was approved. The amount of exonerations being $82,26¼.

Bills approved, Phillip Snyder $250, W. B. Zioglor, for rent of engine house, $25,00, Chas. Deitrick, $10,50.

Adjourned.

R. MCMURTRIE, Sec'y.

A Flood.

This is the usual time of the year when certain streets in our beautiful borough present a *beautiful* appearance. On Sunday *last the sun shone refulgently*, and its warmth was imparted to the snow-capped hills, and forthwith there issued multiplied streams of muddy water, which to find a level had recourse to the streets. The consequence was, Franklin street was flooded from one end to the other, and if pedestrians chose the pavement they were obliged to wade ankle-deep in pools of water, and if they chose the street there awaited them a soft preparation called mud. The water continued to run in torrents from the hills down the street during the day and night. We don't think any serious damage was done, but we beg to be excused from witnessing such a sight again. We think it is a proper subject for consideration by our councilmen, and a remedy would be effected if defective spoutings were repaired, together with the streets, and gutters opened of sufficient depth and width. Will ye borough fathers please see to it?

☞ Retail grocery men and others in different parts of the State are forming *protective unions* for mutual defence against dishonest debtors, who, after making "a small bill" at one establishment transfer their custom to another, until they owe every groceryman in a locality. The object of these protective unions is for storekeepers to exchange lists of these debtors with each other, thus enabling all to become acquainted with non-paying customers. The best way for *retail men in all kinds of pursuits to* conduct their business is on a rigid *cash system.*

Lecture by Rev. S. Wall.

Rev. S. Wall, President of St. Michael's Seminary, Pittsburgh, will lecture in the Catholic church of this place on Monday next, March 16th, at 7 o'clock, P. M. Admission 50 cents. We do not know the reverend gentleman's subject, but we are satisfied from the responsible position he holds in the Diocese of Pittsburgh, and the great reputation he has as a speaker, that his lecture will give the utmost satisfaction.

Returned Home.

We are pleased to announce that our surgical friend, Dr. Emory J. Greene, has returned home from his studies in the College of Dental Surgery in Philadelphia, from which he graduated with high honors. He is qualified to do business in his line, in all its varied branches, in the best and most approved style, and those in need of his services will do well to call at his office in Leister's new building.

☞ James Piper's Foundry at Water Street, with its contents, patterns, tools, etc., was destroyed by fire on Monday morning last between two and three o'clock. The fire is supposed to have originated from a chimney—Mr. Piper having made a fire about one o'clock. There was an insurance of $1200 on the building and patterns.

☞ The proceedings of *the* railroad meeting has been crowded out. We regret this as we desire to keep our people posted in relation to this highly important movement. The next meeting is to be at Donation, to-day, 11th.

Speer's Wines

Are the pure juice of the grape, and are unexcelled by any native vintage. They contain valuable medicinal properties, and are of intrinsic worth to the invalid and the convalescent, strengthening the weak, and restoring the system to tone and vigor. Sickly persons and females should try them.

MARRIED,

In Philadelphia, on the 26th ult., by Rev. Wm. B. Wood, Mr. BEN. JONES and Miss RACHEL LESHER, both of that city.

Feb. 25th, by Rev. J. W. Leckie, Mr. OLIVER P. STATES, of Huntingdon Co., to Miss ADIAH C. HAGEY, of Blair Co.

DIED,

On the 4th of March, MIRIAM, wife of James M. Greene, aged 24 years, 9 months and 24 years.

"She sleeps in Jesus."

[Mifflin papers please copy.]

SPECIAL NOTICES.

CHILLS AND FEVER, DYSPEPSIA, LIVER COMPLAINT, AND KIDNEY DISEASES CURED.

MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS

Has cured more diseases where it has been used, than all other Medicines combined. It is the *only* remedy that *really purifies* the blood, and has never failed in curing Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, and Diseases of the Liver.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

DR. S. B. HARTMAN & CO., Proprietors, LANCASTER, Pa., and CHICAGO, ILLINOIS. 1m

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS and CATARRH treated with the utmost success, by J. ISAACS, M. D., Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland,) No. 935 ARCH street, Philadelphia. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the city and country can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial Eyes inserted without pain.—*No charge for examination.* my8-1ybm

FULLAWAY'S ALL-HEALING and STRENGTHENING SALVE.

J. FULLAWAY will introduce, at his own expense, his All-Healing and Strengthening Salve, a sovereign remedy for lame back, rheumatism, pain in the side and breast, fresh wounds, bruises, sprains, weakness in the joints, crick in the back, old sores, frosted feet, swellings, numbness, ague in the face and breast, cracked hands, piles, corns on the feet, and occasional a cure of most kinds to which the human family is subject.

☞ For sale at Lewis' Family Grocery.

MARKETS.

WHOLESALE MARKET.

PHILADELPHIA, March 7, 1867.

Superfine Flour at $7,25@8,25 extra at $8@9,50 fancy extra family $10@11, and Pennsylvania family $10,50@12,25, and fancy brands $12,75@14,00 according to quality. Rye flour $5,75.

Prime Wheat is scarce here. Choice red at $2,50@2,55 white $3,00@3,20. Rye at $1,73@1,75. Corn 1,17 to 1,18 Oats at 85c. Barley malt at $2,00.

Cloverseed $8@9,75 according to quality; Timothy at $2,75@3,00; Flaxseed $2,00@3,00 per bushel.

PITTSBURGH, March 7.—Flour.—There is a local demand We quote sales of spring wheat Flour at $10,50@11,25, winter Flour at $12,00@15,50 fancy at $14@16,00.

Wheat, winter, $2,43@2,45 and No. 1 spring $2,50@2,55 *Corn from first hands at $1,00. Rye, $1,55 per bushel.* Oats 65@66c. Barley 1,80@1,85. Shoulders 12c; sides 14c; hams 17½c, Lard 16c.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, March 7.—Gold closed at $1,40⅝.

HUNTINGDON MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY HENRY & CO.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Superfine Flour,	$9,50	Eggs	30
Extra Flour, old	10,50	Feathers ₱ lb	60
Family Flour	11,00	Flaxseed	$2,25
Red Wheat,	2,20	Hops ₱ lb	40
White Wheat,	2,30	Ham, smoked	20
Apple Butter ₱ gallon	1,25	Hay ₱ ton	20,00
Bark per cord	9,00	Lard	12½
Barley	1,00	Large Onions ₱ bus	75
Butter	35 to 40	Mixed Chop	2,25
Buckwheat	1,00	Oats	60
Buckwheat Meal ₱ cwt.	4,00	Potatoes ₱ bus	90 to 1,00
Bran ₱ cwt	1,25	Plaster per ton	10,00
Brooms ₱ doz	3,00@4,50	Rags ₱ lb	4
Beeswax ₱ lb	30	Rye	1,30
Beans ₱ bus	2,75	Rye Chop ₱ cwt	2,50
Chickens	25	Rye Straw ₱ bundle	15
Country Soap	10	Shorts ₱ cwt	1,50
Corn	$1,00	Shoulder	12
Corn Meal ₱ cwt	2,20	Sides	15
Dried Apples ₱ bu	2,00	Tallow	10 @
Dried Cherries ₱ quart	12	Timothy	2,00
Dried Peaches ₱ lb	15	Turkeys ₱ lb	10
Dried Beef	20	Wool ₱ lb	35
Beef ₱ lb	9	Pork ₱ lb	9
Broad Top Coal ₱ ton	$2,50	Hard Coal ₱ ton	$7,00
Green Apples ₱ bus	$1,00	Pig Metal ₱ ton	$30@50
Cloverseed ₱ 64lbs.	$6 to 7,00	Lumber ₱ 1000 ft	$12@20
Shellbarks ₱ bus	$2,00	Shingles, Laps, ₱ do.	$10@13
Walnuts ₱ bus	50	Joist, "	0,5@8
Stock Hogs	5@6 cts. ₱ lb	Cheese	15@20 cts. ₱ lb

WALL PAPER.

THE

LARGEST ASSORTMENT AND MOST BEAUTIFUL

NEW STYLES FOR 1868,

FOR

PARLORS,

SITTING AND DINING ROOMS,

HALLS,

BED ROOMS,

KITCHENS,

OFFICES,

BAR-ROOMS,

SHOPS, &C.,

Ever brought to Huntingdon, now on hand and for sale

CHEAP

WHOLESALE and RETAIL

AT

LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

1868. 1868.

CLOTHING.

H. ROMAN.

NEW

CLOTHING

FOR

FALL AND WINTER,

JUST RECEIVED

AT

H. ROMAN'S

CHEAP CLOTHING STORE.

For Gentlemen's Clothing of the best material, and made in the best workmanlike manner, call at

H. ROMAN'S,

opposite the Franklin House in Market Square, Huntingdon, Pa.

C C

It is the best chance ever offered to Agents! One or two days' time will secure a good

Sewing Machine, Watch, Silk Dress, Revolver,

or some other article of equal value, FREE OF COST! Agents wanted everywhere, male and female, for the best One Dollar Pawnbroker's Sale in the country. Send for circular. S. C. THOMPSON & CO., dec26-3m* 30 Hanover street, Boston, Mass.

CAUTION.—Notice is hereby given that ANNA D. STEEL, my wife, has left my bed and board, *without any just cause*, and I hereby caution all persons not to credit her on my account, as I will not pay any debts contracted by her. JACOB STEEL.

Brady tp., Feb. 25*

A LARGE VARIETY of articles too numerous to mention, for sale at LEWIS *family Grocery.* Call and see.

THE BEST QUALITY OF FRESH MACKEREL at *CUNNINGHAM & CARMONY'S.*

628. HOOP SKIRTS. 628.

WM. T. HOPKIN'S "OWN MAKE" OR "KEYSTONE SKIRTS."

are the best and CHEAPEST LOW PRICED Hoop Skirts in the market. Trail skirts, 25 springs, $1.00; 30 springs, $1.20; *and 40 springs*, $1.45. Plain Skirts, 6 tapes, 20 springs, 80 Cents; 25 springs, 95 Cents; 30 springs, $1.15; and 35 springs, $1.25. *Warranted in every respect.*

"Our OWN Make" of "UNION SKIRTS," eleven Tape Trails, from 20 to 60 springs, $1.20 to $2.50. Plain. Six Tapes, 20 to 56 springs, from 95 Cents to $2.00. These Skirts are better than those sold by other establishments as first class goods and at much lower prices.

"Our OWN Make" of "CHAMPION SKIRTS" are in every way *superior* to all other Hoop Skirts before the public, and only have to be examined or worn to convince every one of the fact. Manufactured of the best linen-finished English Steel Springs, very superior tapes, and the style of the metallic fastenings and manner of securing them surpass for durability and excellence any other skirt in this country, and are lighter, more elastic, will wear longer, give more satisfaction, and are really cheaper than all others. *Every lady should try them.*—They are being sold extensively by merchants throughout this and the adjoining States at very moderate prices If you want the best, ask for "Hopkin's Champion Skirt." If you do not find them, get the merchant with whom you deal to order them for you, or come or send direct to us, Merchants will find our different grades of Skirts exactly what they need, and we especially invite them to call and examine our extensive assortment, or send for *Wholesale Price List.*

To be had at Retail at Manufactory, and of the Retail Trade generally, and at Wholesale of the Manufacturer only, to whom all orders should be addressed.

MANUFACTORY AND SALESROOM 628 ARCH STREET,

Between 6th and 7th Sts., Philadelphia.

WM. T. HOPKINS.

feb26-10m

NEW LEATHER STORE.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce that, in connection with their TANNERY, they have just opened a splendid assortment of

FINE LEATHER,

Consisting in part of

FRENCH CALF SKIN,
KIP,
MOROCCO,
LININGS,
BINDINGS,
SOLE,
UPPER,
HARNESS,
SKIRTING, &C.,

Together with a general assortment of

FINDINGS.

The trade is invited to call and examine our stock. Store on HILL street, two doors west of the Presbyterian church.

The highest price paid for HIDES and BARK.

C. H. MILLER & SON.

Huntingdon, may 1, 1867

CHEAP GROCERY STORE.

Z. YENTER,

HILL ST., HUNTINGDON, PA.

THE undersigned offers for the inspection and purchase of customers a large and assorted stock of Groceries, Provisions, &c. He feels satisfied they can be accomodated with anything in his line. His prices are low, and his stock fresh and good. He keeps the best of

SUGAR, COFFEE,
TEAS, SPICES, SALT,
TOBACCO & SEGARS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS & CAPS, &c.

ALSO—

HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES,
MOLASSES, OILS, VINEGAR,
FISH, CHEESE, FLOUR RICE,
And NOTIONS of every kind.

A select stock of DRY GOODS, together with QUEENSWARE, and all other articles kept in a well regulated *establishment for sale at reasonable prices.*

☞ His store is on HILL street, nearly opposite the Bank, and in the room formerly occupied by D. Grove. Call and examine. Z. YENTER.

Huntingdon, Oct. 8, 1867

FIXED FACTS INDELIBLY IMPRESSED will always triumph over simple *assertions.*

Thus it is that this community gives testimony in favor of the well known establishment of

H. GREENBERG,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

HILL STREET, HUNTINGDON.

Whilst it is not his purpose to deceive the public by clamoring "low prices and better goods" than other dealers, he simply invites all who wish to purchase in his *line of business to call and satisfy themselves* that with him a patron once gained is never lost, that is, "the proof of the pudding is in the tasting of it."

He has just received his winter supply of

READY MADE CLOTHING,

FOR MEN AND BOYS.

He has also a large assortment of the most substantial and fashionable

Hats, Caps, Gents' Furnishing Goods,

of every description, and made up from the best material.

Always on hand the finest quality of American, English and French CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS, which are made up to order by good, experienced workmen, in a manner the most fashionable and endurable.

No eastern city can afford a better or more varied style of goods than can be found in my selection.

H. GREENBERG,

Huntingdon, Nov. 13, 1867. Merchant Tailor.

PATRONIZE HOME INDUSTRY

GEO. F. MARSH,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

FOR MEN AND BOYS,

Have removed to the store room on the corner of the Diamond, opposite Lewis' Book Store, where he intends to keep constantly on hand the latest styles of Ready made Clothing and piece goods, comprising

AMERICAN, ENGLISH AND FRENCH

CLOTHS,	CASSIMERES,	AND	VESTINGS.
CLOTHS,	CASSIMERES,	AND	VESTINGS.
CLOTHS	CASSIMERES,	AND	VESTINGS.

Also a large supply of OVERCOATS, made up in the most fashionable style, and sold at greatly reduced prices.

Being a practical workman of many years experience, he is prepared to make to order Clothing for men and boys, and guarantee neat, durable and fashionable workmanship. He is determined to please everybody.

☞ All are invited to call and examine my new stock of beautiful patterns before purchasing elsewhere

dec26,1867 GEO. F MARSH.

LOGAN ACADEMY.

A HIGH SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

At Bell's Mills, on the Penna. Railroad.

NEXT TERM BEGINS APRIL 20TH, 1868.

Send for a circular. Address

R. H. FULTON, Principal,

Feb19-2m* Antietown, Blair co., Pa.

FOSTER'S

ORIENTAL BITTERS.

These valuable Bitters are composed of the essential properties of Roots—the medicinal virtues of which have been carefully extracted.

As a Blood PURIFIER and LIVER TONIC they have no equal. They are excellent

For Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Weakness, General Debility, Pain in the Stomach, Cramp, Diarrhea, &c.

They are of great value to Travelers who are affected by a change of diet. In fact they will relieve the stomach of many disorders to which it is subject.

☞ Price, One Dollar per bottle.

BUCHANAN & SMITH, Manufacturers, Huntingdon, Penn'a. feb5

SALES.

PUBLIC SALE.

The subscriber will sell at public sale at his residence near Huntingdon, Pa.,

On Tuesday, March 24th, 1868,

The following property, to wit:

One Cow, two stoves, one corner Cupboard, one Sofa, one Clock, Tables, Chairs, Bedsteads and Bed Clothes.

Also, a lot of Garden Implements, such as Spade-forks, Hoes, Rakes, Spades, Shovels, Trowels, Manure Forks, Hot Beds, &c.

Also, some Mexican Bulbs, Tube rooted Flowers, and Shrubbery. Choice Garden Seeds, and a quantity of Goodrich Early Seedling Potatoes, the earliest and best in cultivation.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, a. m., on said day.

A liberal credit will be given.

THOMAS TWEED,

mh.2,68.*

PUBLIC SALE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The undersigned will sell at Public Sale, at the residence of *Benjamin Isenberg*, near Col. John Huyett's, in Porter township,

On Thursday, March 19th, 1868,

The following personal property, to wit:

4 head of Horses, 1 Brood Mare, with foal, 1 two-year old, 6 head of Milch Cows, 6 three year old Steers, 35 head of young Cattle, 20 head of Sheep, 1 four-horse Wagon, 1 Sweed's four horse Threshing Machine, 1 Pratt Grain and Hay Rake, Plows, Harrows, one set of good Hind Gears, Front or Plow Gears, and many other articles.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, of said day. A credit of one year will be given.

BENJAMIN ISENBERG.
JOHN FOREST.

NICHOLAS ISENBERG, Auctioneer. mh4-3t

FARM FOR SALE.

THE undersigned offers a Farm for sale, being a part of the one he resides on in Huntingdon County, about one mile west of the town of Orbisonia, situated on the Aughwick Creek, containing about 125 acres; about 70 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, with a good two story log house, and the masonry work of a bank barn. Also a young apple orchard (130 trees,) of select varieties, with a good site for grape culture. The cleared land is good arable bottom land of an eastern slope.

TERMS—One thousand dollars on confirmation of sale, the balance in two equal annual payments with interest secured by bond and mortgage. A good title will be given and possession on the first day of April next.

☞ For further particulars apply to the subscriber on the premises. JOHN B SHENEFELT.

Oct. 5, 1867.

SHERIFF'S SALES.—By virtue of sundry writs of Vend. Expo. directed to me I will expose to public sale or outcry, at the Court House, in the Borough of Huntingdon, on SATURDAY, the 28TH of MARCH, 1868, at 2 o'clock, P. M., the following described property to wit:

All that certain lot of ground, situate in the village of Coffee Run, in Lincoln township, being 80 feet in front and 50 feet in rear and width, and 100 feet deep, the inside angle forming a line 186 feet long, and in the recorded plan of said village, made by J. S. Africa, Esq., 30 May, 1855, being lot No. 8, having thereon a new frame store house, blacks mith shop &c.

Also, All that certain piece and parcel of land, in the village of Coffee Run, Lincoln township, being lots Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 in the plan of said village, made by J. S. Africa, Esq., on the 30th and 31st days of May, 1855, each of said lots being 60 feet in width and 100 feet in length, being adjacent to and west of the Huntingdon and Broad Top Mountain Railroad, adjoining lot No. 5, on the South, and on the west and north by land of John Beaver, having thereon a wagon shed, corn crib, &c.

Also, All that certain other lot of ground in the village of Coffee Run, Lincoln township, being lot No. 5, in the plan of said town, made by J. S. Africa, Esq., on the 30th of May, 1855, lying on the west side of the Broad Top Railroad, being 60 feet in width and extending back 115 feet to an alley, 12 feet wide, containing one-fourth of an acre, more or less, adjoining land of John Beaver on the north-west, lots Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 on the east and north, the Broad Top Railroad on the east, and other lands of Simon Cohn on the south having thereon a two-story frame dwelling house, frame stable, &c.

Also, All that certain piece and parcel of land, situate in Lincoln township, bounded and described as follows, to wit: *Beginning at a post on the line of lands formerly of* J. Hagey thence along said line north 48¾ degrees east 85 and eighty one-hundredths of a perch to a stone heap, thence by land of John Beaver north 50¼ degrees west 42 one hundredths perches to a post at the Broad Top Railroad, thence along the same, being a curve of two degrees the chord of the arc bears south 22 degrees 10 minutes west, and distance along said Railroad 53 perches to a post thence north 73½ degrees west 11 and twenty-six hundredth perches to a stump, thence north 19¾ degrees west 29 and 80 hundredth perches to the place of beginning, containing 20 acres more or less according to the draft made by J. S. Africa, Esq., 30th of May, 1855, excepting lots Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 8 from this description and included in other conveyances to John Fulton, Mrs. Foster and Simon Cohn. Seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Simon Cohn.

JAS. F. BATHURST, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Huntingdon, Mch. 8, 1868.

Cheaper than the Cheapest!

BARGAINS

AT THE

Mammoth Store

West End of Huntingdon, Penn'a.

We are now offering our immense and well-assorted stock of Goods, at thoroughly reduced, and unprecedented low prices; our superior facilities enabling us to compete successfully with the cheapest.

ur stock consists of Groceries, Dry Goods, Notions, Hardware, Queensware, Glassware, Willow and Cedar Ware, Table and Floor il Cloths, Carpets, Rugs and Door Mats, Crocks, Jugs, Stoves, Tinware, Iron, Steel, Nails, Glass, Putty, Oils, Paints, Drugs, Flour, Feed, &c., &c., &c., all in great variety, at prices that will not fail to suit consumers. We are also dealing in all kinds of Coal and Lumber, our facilities in these commodities being superior to any other firm in Huntingdon. We claim them as SPECIALTIES in our trade, in which none can compete with us.

We buy all kinds of Grain, Seeds, Flour and Feed, at the highest market rates, and give the highest prices *in Goods* for Produce of all kinds. Do not fail to call and examine our stock and prices, as both are sure to please.

HENRY & CO.,

jn22 Huntingdon, Pa.

JUNIATA

STEAM PEARL MILL,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

THIS MILL is a complete success in the manufacture of FLOUR, &c. It has lately been thoroughly repaired and is now in good running order and in full operation.

The burrs and choppers are new and of superior quality—cannot be excelled. And we are gratified to know that our work has given entire satisfaction to our customers, to whom we tender our thanks.

We have in our employ one of the best millers in the county, and a faithful and capable engineer. Thus equipped and encouraged, we are determined to persevere in our efforts to accommodate and please the public, hoping thereby to merit and receive a liberal share of patronage to sustain us in our enterprise for the public interest.

Market price paid for the different kinds of grain on delivery.

Flour and Chop, on hand, for sale.

JOHN K. MCCAHAN & SON.

Huntingdon, Nov. 20, 1867

STOVES, GRATES, RANGES, &C.

ANY of the above articles can be had by addressing the subscriber. Stoves of all kinds and sizes to suit the wants of all.

We call the attention of the public to the

AUTOCRAT COOKING STOVE,

a stove beyond competition. It is a pretty pattern, good baker, with large oven, and suitable for either coal or wood. Stoves furnished at foundry prices. Any person wishing to purchase a stove without cooking utensils, can do so, and the prices of all the articles will be deducted. All stoves warranted. Samples can be seen at Mr. Hughe's store, Mill Creek, or at the residence of the subscriber.

All parlor stoves furnished at low prices. Stoves delivered at any railroad station.

D. WALKER,

se18-tf Airy Dale, Huntingdon county, Pa

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for Goods at Lewis' Family Grocery.

JOHNSTON & WATTSON

TAKE pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Huntingdon county and vicinity that they have just returned from the East with a

LARGE STOCK OF GOODS,

Which they have just opened out at their new store,

ONE DOOR EAST OF THE WASHINGTON HOTEL

Their stock consists of

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
HATS AND CAPS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
GROCERIES,
FLOUR AND FEED,
TOBACCO, SEGARS,
CANNED FRUITS,
HARDWARE,
CEDAR-WARE,
QUEENSWARE,
OIL CLOTHS,
OILS,
PAINTS, &C.,
DRUGS,
CARPETS, CARPET CHAIN,
FISH, SALT, CHEESE,
TRUNKS,
HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES, &c. &c.

They have a large stock of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

Consisting of SILKS, MOHAIRS, ALPACAS, POPLINS, LUSTRES, GINGHAMS, MERINOS, PLAIDS, DE LAINES, &c., &c., &c.

Also, a large assortment of

DRESS TRIMMINGS, EMBROIDERY, HOSIERY; GLOVES,

BUTTONS, &c.

A FULL LINE OF WHITE GOODS.

We will sell WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

All goods delivered to residences in town and depots, free of charge.

Give us a trial before purchasing elsewhere.

JOHNSTON & WATESON.

Huntingdon. April 8, 1867.

GLAZIER & BRO.,

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS, DRESS GOODS, HATS, NOTIONS, BOOTS AND SHOES. GROCERIES, QUEENSWARE, &c., &c.

Washington street, near the Jail.

Having purchased our Winter Goods since the late heavy decline, we can afford to offer superior inducements to buyers.

☞ READ OUR PRICES. ☜

Muslins and Prints, from 8 cts up,
Heavy Unbleached Sheetings, 4 yard wide, 15 cts,
Heavy yard wide Tickings, 30 cts,
Best Winter Delaines, 22 and 25 cts,
All Wool Delaines, 45 to 65 cts,
Double width Wool Plaids, 50 cts,
Heavy Plaid Poplins, $1.00,
Wool Flannels, 28 to 50 cts a yard,
Wool Blankets, $3.00 to $10.00 a pair,
Wool Shawls, $1.25 to $16.00
Balmoral Skirts, $1.25 to $4.50.
Other Goods in proportion.

GLAZIER & BRO.

Huntingdon, Nov. 6, 1867.

HEAD QUARTERS

FOR

NEW GOODS.

D. P. GWIN

INFORMS THE PUBLIC

THAT HE HAS

JUST OPENED

A

SPLENDID STOCK of NEW GOODS

THAT

CAN'T BE BEAT

IN

CHEAPNESS AND QUALITY.

COME AND SEE.

D. P. GWIN.

Huntingdon, October 9, '67.

J. A. HANAGAR,

PHOTOGRAPHER,

Railroad street, Huntingdon, Pa.,

Would respectfully invite the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity to his Gallery on Railroad street, opposite the Juniata House, where he is prepared to take all the

LATEST STYLES OF PICTURES,

at the following prices:

Including an 8x10 oval Gilt Frame, $1,50.
Visiting Card Photographs, full size, 4 for $1,00,
Ambrotypes, for 25 cents, and upwards.

His long experience in the business enables him to take pictures in every style of the art, at greatly reduced prices. He keeps always on hand a large assortment of

PLAIN AND FANCY FRAMES AND CASES.

Pictures inserted in Lockets, Breastpins, Finger Rings, &c., in a neat and durable manner.

Oil Paintings, Daguerreotypes, &c., copied at a reasonable price.

Pictures taken equally well in clear or cloudy weather. I cordially invite one and all to call and examine specimens, whether they want pictures or not. Come quickly, as I shall remain but a short time in the business.

The above Gallery is either for rent, or for sale, with good security.

Apply to J. A. HANAGAR, Photograph Gallery, Railroad street, Huntingdon, Pa. jan16-3m

AN IMPROVEMENT IN LIGHT!

We take pleasure in putting before the public a LAMP for burning fat, lard or tallow, which is superior to any of the kind ever introduced. It differs from all others, as it does not require the fat to be melted before lighting. It heats the fat by a copper pipe, which conducts the heat under the fat and melts it immediately.

Thousands of the lamps have been sold and no complaints have been made. All Lamps warranted to give general satisfaction, or the money refunded.

A rare opportunity is offered to any person or persons that may wish to engage in the busines. Huntingdon and Mifflin counties will be sold in townships at reasonable terms to suit purchasers. A sample lamp will be forwarded to any person on receipt of retail price, $1,50, and forwarded at my expense.

Will either sell territory or pay agents by the day or piece. Agents are making from $5 to $15 per day, for they sell very fast. They are what every person needs. All letters will receive prompt attention.

Address or call on D. WALKER,

Airy Dale, Huntingdon county, Pa.

☞ Lamp may be seen at the Franklin House in Huntingdon; Mr. Hughes' Store, Mill Creek, and at the hotel in Cassville. se18-tf

J. C. BLAIR,

BOOKSELLER,

And Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

STATIONERY

AND

WALL PAPER.

Proprietor of the

Huntingdon Circulating Library.

TERMS: Annual subscriptions, $5.00; half yearly, $3.00 quarterly, $1.50. This subscription entitles one person to one new and one old book at a time.

Weekly Subscribers.—For loan of Books per week, 10 cents per volume.

Weekly subscribers will be required in all cases to leave a deposit equal in value to the Book.

The *new Books* will not be allowed to *any* subscriber for a longer period than *four days*; or if detained beyond that time, an additional charge of 3 cents per day; other books seven days, or if detained beyond that time 3 cents per day. Books not returned in *two weeks* to be charged.

All Books are considered *old* that have been in the Library *six months.*

Books damaged seriously will be charged.

All payable in advance.

Special terms and arrangements with persons living out of town.

All new and desirable books on hand as soon as issued.

A complete assortment of pictures for

DECALCOMANIA,

OR, THE

ART OF INSTANTLY TRANSFERRING PICTURES

To China, Glass, Tin and Wooden ware, Leather and Paper Mache goods, in short, to all articles of every description.

The following series of Books will be found constantly on hand:

SP

The Globe.

List of Jurors

For April Session, 1868. Drawn, February 20th, 1868.

GRAND JURORS.

Thomas H. Adams, merchant, Mt. Union
Reuben Beck, farmer, Warriorsmark
William Butler, shoemaker, Hopewell
John Brewster, merchant, Walker
Henry Clapper, farmer, Hopewell
Wm. S. Entriken, farmer, Lincoln
Henry Graffius, farmer, Porter
John Gemmill, farmer, Porter
Daniel H. Grove, farmer, Penn
S. L. Glasgow, farmer, Clay
David Hamilton, farmer, Cass
Thomas H. Huling, farmer, Shirley
George Hoffman, tanner, Mt. Union
Alex. Magee, farmer, Tell
Stephen Miller, farmer, West
George Mountain, farmer, Juniata
Geo. J. Nunemaker, farmer, Springfield
John Piper, farmer, Tod
William Robb, farmer, Walker
Jacob Stouffer, farmer, Tell
George W. B. Sipes, clerk, Cass
W. S. Thompson, inn keeper, Orbisonia
Martin Walker, farmer, Barree
John Zeutmire, farmer, Porter

TRAVERSE JURORS—FIRST WEEK.

John B. Appleby, carpenter, Dublin
Harrison Benson, farmer, Tod
Jonathan Brindle, farmer, Lincoln
George S. Baker, farmer, Springfield
Henry R. Beers, farmer, Cromwell
George M. Bell, farmer, Jackson
Andrew Crownover, merchant, Barree
Jacob Chilcote, farmer, Cass
J. F. Chilcote, farmer, Springfield
John G. Decker, wagon maker, West
John Dougherty, agent, Mt. Union
James Entriken, gentleman, Lincoln
David Etnier, jr, gentleman, Mt. Union
Isaac Enyeart, farmer, Cromwell
Robert Gifford, farmer, Shirley
Edward Horton, farmer, Tod
James E. Harper, farmer, Dublin
Jacob Hoover, farmer, Penn
James Hutchison, farmer, Henderson
Thomas Hamer, farmer, Walker
Joseph Isenberg, farmer, Warriorsmark
William Jackson, farmer, Jackson
John H. Kennedy, J. P., Alexandria
Daniel Kaufman, laborer, Mapleton
John H. Lightner, J. P., Shirleysburg
William Laird, carpenter, Porter
Peter Myers, tailor, Shirley
James D. McNeal, farmer, Clay
Samuel Mattorn, merchant, Franklin
John A. Martin, farmer, Barree
Alex. Norris, farmer, Walker
A. P. Owens, gentleman, Warriorsmark
George W. Porter, farmer, Jackson
Peter Piper, farmer, Porter
Jonah J. Reed, farmer, Carbon
Jesse Rutter, farmer, Springfield
Nicholas Reider, mason, Clay
John A. Shultz, farmer, Henderson
George W. Shultz, farmer, Lincoln
Philip Schneider, farmer, Henderson
George Stever, farmer, Cass
Jacob B. Swoope, plasterer, Clay
B. T. Stevens, teacher, Clay
Michael Stair, farmer, Cromwell
Richard S. Starr, saddler, Orbisonia
George W. Thompson, M. D., Brady
William H. Walker, tinner, Alexandria
Franklin Wingate, carpenter, Barree

TRAVERSE JURORS—SECOND WEEK.

Jonas Buckwalter, farmer, Walker
Henry Brumbaugh, farmer, Penn
Lewis Bigtow, blacksmith, Jackson
William Bell, farmer, Shirley
Joshua Brown, farmer, Springfield
John C. Bolinger, farmer, Cromwell
Andrew Carberry, farmer, Hopewell
William Crownover, miller, Jackson
James G. Carothers, farmer, Brady
John W. Chilcote, farmer, Cromwell
Samuel Douglas, farmer, Shirley
A. W. Evans, J. P., Cassville
Samuel H. Ewing, farmer, West
William Gehrett, saddler, Cassville
E. A. Green, iron master, Brady
James L. Hunt, farmer, Clay
James Harper, farmer, Cromwell
Henry Harris, farmer, Walker
Henry F. Horton, farmer, Tod
Nicholas Isenberg, auctioneer, Alexandria
William Jordan, farmer, Cromwell
John Jackson, farmer, Jackson
James Long, farmer, Springfield
Samuel B. Linn, farmer, Springfield
Abraham Megahan, J. P., Penn
Samuel McVitty, tanner, Clay
William McFaddem, blacksmith, Jackson
Henry G. Neff, farmer, Porter
Henry Neff, farmer, West
Philip Piper, laborer, Alexandria
D. M. Painter, manager, Brady
William Reed, Saddler, Penn
Daniel Snyder, blacksmith, Porter
Edward Trimbath, miner, Warriorsmark
Samuel Work, farmer, Porter
John Zimmerman, carpenter, Tod

THE HORSE.—The Fat Contributor makes the following observations on this noble animal:

The horse existed before the flood. He accompanied Noah's menagerie, as may be seen by the representation of the embarkation of that rare collection of animals in the children's primers.—He has always been a favorite among the barbarous tribes of the East, their style being *hos-stile*. The Spaniard Cortez first introduced the horse upon this continent, during his filibustering expedition in Mexico to avenge the death of Maximilian. The wondering natives supposed horse and rider to be one—not *won* in a raffle, exactly, but one and inseparable, now and forever. I'm for the Declaration, &c.

The horse is a very sympathetic creature, exhibiting a very touching devotion to man. If you are disgusted with the world, and feel as if you wanted to run away from everything, he will run away with you, like as not. The strength of the horse is wonderful. We have known Flora Temple to draw fifty thousand people at once.

Grammatically speaking, the horse is a noun, common noun, unless he is an uncommon horse; any gender you prefer; objective case, when balky; the first and last person spoken of by horsemen; singular number to sulky, agreeing with oats understood.

LARGE TREES IN CALIFORNIA.—We have all heard of the mammoth trees of California. They are found near the head waters of San Antonia and have long been objects of wonder. The Grove contains ten trees each thirty feet in diameter, and over seventy that are between fifteen and thirty feet.—Hittell, in his "Resources of California," says: "one of the trees which is down, 'The Father of the Forest,'—must have been 450 feet high and 40 feet in diameter." In 1853 one of the largest trees, 92 feet in circumference and over 300 feet high, was cut down. Five men worked twenty-five days in felling it, using large augers. The stump of this tree has been smoothed off, and now easily accommodates thirty-two dancers. Theatrical performances have been held upon it, and in 1858, a newspaper, *The Big Bulletin*, was printed there.

Near the stump lies a section of the trunk; this is 25 feet in diameter and 20 feet long; beyond lies the immense trunk as it fell, measuring 302 feet from the base of the stump to its extremity. Upon this was situated a bar room and ten pin alley, stretching along its upper surface for a distance of 81 feet, affording ample space for two alley beds, side by side.

READ AND BE POSTED!

TO THE NEWLY MARRIED

AND ALL IN WANT OF

New Furniture, &c.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce that he manufactures and keeps constantly on hand a large and splendid assortment of

DINING AND BREAKFAST TABLES,
BUREAUS, BEDSTEADS,
WASH AND CANDLE STANDS

Windsor and cane seat chairs, cupboards, gilt and rosewood moulding for mirror and picture frames, and a variety of articles not mentioned, at prices that cannot fail to be satisfactory.

He is also agent for the well known Bailey & Decamp patent spring Bed Bottom.

The public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Work and sales room on Hill street, near Smith, one door west of Yeutter's store.

JAMES HIGGINS.

Huntingdon, Aug. 1, 1866

FURNITURE!

J. M. WISE,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

FURNITURE

Respectfully invites the attention of the Public to his stand on Hill st., Huntingdon, in the rear of George W Swartz' Watch and Jewelry store, where he manufactures and keeps all kinds of Furniture at reduced prices. Persons wishing to purchase, will do well to give him a call.

Repairing of all kinds attended to promptly and charges reasonable.

☞ Also, Undertaking carried on, and Coffins made in any style desired, at short notice.

The subscriber has a *NEW AND ELEGANT HEARSE* and is prepared to attend Funerals at any place in town or country.

J. M. WISE.

Huntingdon, May 9, 1866-tf

Can't Be Beaten!

JOHN H. WESTBROOK

Respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity that he has just received from the city a NEW and splendid stock of

GROCERIES, CONFECTIONERIES,

BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,

Hosiery, Shoe Findings, Carpet Sacks, Trunks, &c., &c., &c., &c.

all of which he is prepared to sell at greatly reduced prices.

Don't forget the old stand in the Diamond. Old customers and the public generally are invited to call.

Huntingdon, may 1, 1867

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

WM. AFRICA

Informs the public that he has just opened at his old stand in the Diamond, Huntingdon,

A Fine Assortment of all kinds of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

For Ladies, Gentlemen and Children.

All of which he will sell at fair prices. *Quick sales and small profits.* Call and examine my stock.

Manufacturing and Repairing done to order as usual.

Huntingdon, May 1, 1867.

GEO. SHAEFFER

Has just returned from the east with a

SPLENDID STOCK

OF

BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, &C.,

Which he offers to the customers and the public generally. He will sell his stock at the most

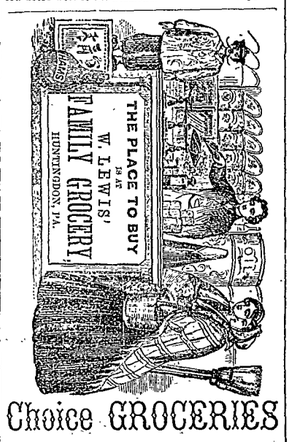
REASONABLE PRICES,

and those who purchase once will surely call again.

BOOTS & SHOES MADE TO ORDER,

and REPAIRING done in the neatest and most expeditious manner.

Call upon Mr. Schaeffer at his shop on Hill street, a few doors west of the Diamond. my2



Choice GROCERIES

JUST RECEIVED.

Also,

Canned Peaches, Tomatoes, Peas and Corn.

Also,

Spiced Lobster, Oysters, Chow chow, Worcestershire sauce, French Mustard, Horse Radish, Pepper sauce, Catsup, Olive Oil, &c., &c., and

All kinds of Syrups,

such as strawberry, pineapple, blackberry, &c

CALL AND SEE.

WINDOW CURTAIN PAPERS,

A LARGE STOCK

AND

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT

OF

Window Curtain Papers,

JUST RECEIVED

AT

LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

JOHN BARE, W. H. WOODS, P. M. BARE, W. P. M'LAUGHLIN

JOHN BARE, & CO., Bankers,

Huntingdon, Pa.

Solicit accounts from Banks, Bankers & others. Interest allowed on Deposits. All kinds of Securities, bought and sold for the usual commission. Special attention given to Government Securities. Collections made on all points.

Persons depositing Gold and Silver will receive the same in return with interest.

Oct. 17, 1866-tf.

MONEY!

ECONOMY IS MONEY SAVED!

The subscriber is permanently located in Huntingdon, and is prepared to purchase, or repair in the best style, and expeditiously, broken

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS.

All articles intrusted to him will be returned to the residence of the owner as soon as repaired Umbrellas and parasols for repair can be left at his residence on St. Clair street near Benedict's.

may2,1866tf WM. FENTIMAN.

LUMBER, SHINGLES, LATHS.

HEMLOCK, PINE BILL STUFF, Boards, Plank, Shingles, Plastering and Shingling Lath, constantly on hand.

Worked Flooring, Sash, Blinds, Doors, Door and Window Frames, furnished at manufacturers' prices.

Grain and country product generally bought at market rates. WAGONER & BRO.

aug23-tf Phillipsburg, Centre co., Pa.

COUNTRY DEALERS can buy CLOTHING from me in Huntingdon at WHOLESALE as cheap as they can in the cities, as I have a wholesale store in Philadelphia.

H. ROMAN.

EVERY FAMILY

Will find at Lewis' Family Grocery, every article usually kept in first class Grocery stores. Call for what you want.

FOR THE LADIES.

A superior article of Note Paper and Envelope suitable for *confidential* correspondence, for sale at

LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

BELLS!

BELLS!!

BELLS!!!

THE LARGEST STOCK OF

SLEIGH BELLS,

Ever exhibited at HUNTINGDON, Loose, and Strapped, in every style, NOW OPENED, and being sold at very LOW PRICES, at

JAS. A. BROWN'S

HARDWARE STORE,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

ALSO,

SLEIGH RUNNERS,
FENDERS,
SHAFTS,
SOLES,
STEEL SOLES,
WILLOW SLEIGH
BASKETS, SLEIGH and
WAGON WHIPS,
FINE HARNESS MOUNTINGS.

A good stock of well seasoned

HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES,

and a general stock of

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY,

Paints, Oils, Glass,

STOVES,

&c.,

Including the late Patent

"ECLIPSE" COOK STOVE,

Which throws all other Stoves in the shade and pleases so well that everybody wants

THE ECLIPSE.

Don't forget the SIGN OF THE PADLOCK.

Huntingdon, Jan. 15, '68-tal.

WHARTON & MAGUIRE,

HILL STREET,

HUNTINGDON, PA.,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY, &C.

The attention of

MECHANICS, FARMERS, BUILDERS,

and buyers generally, is invited to the fact that we are now offering a BETTER ASSORTMENT of

HARDWARE, CUTLERY &C.,

than can be found elsewhere in this part of the State, at prices to suit the times. Our stock comprises all articles in this line of business, embracing a general assortment of TOOLS and MATERIALS used by CARPENTERS, BLACKSMITHS, CARRIAGE and WAGON MAKERS JOINERS, &c., &c., together with a large stock of

Iron, Steel, Nails, Spikes, Railroad and Mining Supplies, Saddlery, Rope, Chains, Grindstones, Circular, Mill and Cross-Cut Saws, Enamelled, Finished and Plain Hollow Ware.

Coal Oil Lamps and Lanterns, Oil and Powder Cans.

An excellent assortment of

Fine Cutlery,

Comprising

KNIVES, FORKS, DESSERT, TEA AND TABLE SPOONS, SCISORS, RAZORS, &C.

BRITTANIA & SILVER PLATED WARE.

Household, Horticultural and Farm Implements,

Of the latest and most improved patterns,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND FOR SALE

AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

CARRIAGE & WAGON MAKERS

Will find a general assortment of material for their use consisting in part of

Carriage Trimmings, Hubs, Spokes, Rims, Axles, Springs, Nuts, Bolts, Washers, Malleable Irons, Patent and enamelled Leather, Whips, Tongues, Sockets, Shafts, &c.

BLACKSMITHS

Can be supplied with

ANVILS, BELLOWS, VICES,
SLEDGES, HAMMERS,
HORSE AND MULE SHOES,
Horse Nails, and all kinds of Iron & Steel

CARPENTERS

Will find in our establishment a superior stock of

PLANES,
SAWS,
AUGERS,
HATCHETS,
HAMMERS,
FILES,
CHISELS,
HINGES,
SCREWS,
LOCKS,
BOLTS,
PULLEYS,
SASH-CORDS, &C., &C.

MINING AND MINERS' GOODS.

NAILS and SPIKES, of all varieties

BLASTING POWDER, FUSE,

COAL PICKS AND SHOVELS.

Farmers

Are especially invited to call and examine our stock of

BUILDING HARDWARE,

and compare our prices with others.

Agricultural Implements,

Comprising the famous Russell

Reaper, Mower, and Dropper, combined,

Rundell's First Premium HORSE PITCHFORK,

Rakes,
Scythes,
Hoes,
Hay Forks,
Trace and Halter Chains,
Breast Chains,
Cow Ties,
Curry Combs,
Cards, &c., &c., &c.

Among the specialties of our House, we desire to call attention to the celebrated

OHIO PUMP,

The exclusive right to sell which is vested in us. Send for a circular and get full particulars of same, and satisfy yourself of its superior qualities.

SCALES.

Scales of all sizes and descriptions, including

Tea and Counter Scales, Platform Scales, Grocers' and Druggists' Scales, Rolling Mill, Wheelbarrow, Pork, Portable, Hopper, Miners and Transportation, Hay, Cattle and Coal Scales,

FURNISHED AT MANUFACTURERS' CASH PRICES.

The largest and best assortment of

GLASS, PAINTS, OIL & PUTTY,

Ever offered in this place.

A GREAT VARIETY OF

COOK & PARLOR STOVES.

ALL SIZES OF

NAILS AND BRADS,

By the keg. Very low!

Best Norway nail, rod, bar an hoop iron.

STEEL, of all sizes and descriptions.

WAGON BOXES,
CARRIAGE SPRINGS,
IRON AND BRASS WIRE.

Lard, Lubricating and Coal Oil,

By the barrel or gallon, at very low figures.

☞ A call is respectfully solicited, feeling confident that our goods and prices will not fail to please. ☜

WHARTON & MAGUIRE.

Huntingdon, May 7, 1867.

Philadelphia Advertisements.

PAINTS FOR FARMERS AND OTHERS.—The Grafton Mineral Paint Co. are now manufacturing the Best, Cheapest and most Durable Paint in use: two coats well put on, mixed with pure Linseed Oil, will last 10 or 15 years; it is of a light brown or beautiful chocolate color, and can be changed to green, lead, stone, drab, olive, or cream, to suit the taste of the consumer. It is valuable for houses, barns, fences, carriage and car makers, pails and wooden-ware, agricultural implements, canal boats, vessels and ships' bottoms, canvas, metal and shingle roofs, (it being fire and water proof), floor oil cloths, (one manufacturer having used 5000 bbls. the past year,) and as a paint for any purpose is unsurpassed for body, durability, elasticity, and adhesiveness. Price $6 per bbl. of 300 lbs., which will supply a farmer for years to come. Warranted in all cases as above. Send for a circular which gives full particulars.—None genuine unless branded in a trade mark Grafton Mineral Paint. Address DANIEL BIDWELL,

sep4 6m 254 Pearl street, New York.

☞ Two Barrels of the above paint for sale at Lewis' Book Store.

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

NO DUST! NO GAS!! NO DAMPERS!!

ESTABLISHED 1851.

J. REYNOLDS & SON,

N. W. Corner 13th & Filbert streets,

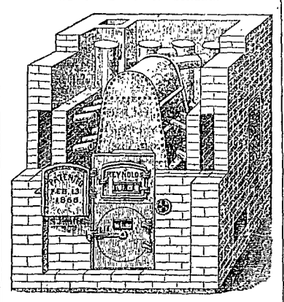
PHILADELPHIA, PA.,

Sole Manufacturers of the Celebrated

WROUGHT-IRON, AIR-TIGHT

GAS-CONSUMING HEATER,

WITH PATENT DUST-SCREEN.



For ease of management without any dampers, Durability, Simplicity, and Economy, this Heater has no superior in this country. They are all guaranteed to give satisfaction. Estimates made free of charge.

Cooking Ranges, Latrobe Heaters, Slate Mantles, Low Down Grates, Portable Heaters, Registers, Ventilators, &c., &c.

Send for one of our Illustrated Pamphlets. [apl0-1y

No more Bald Heads! No more Gray Locks!

DR. LEON'S

ELECTRIC HAIR RENEWER,

Is pronounced by all who have used it the very best preparation for the Hair. It is a positive cure for Baldness, eradicates Dandruff and Humors, stops the hair from falling out, and speedily restores Gray Locks to their original hue and luxuriance.

It operates on the secretions and fills the glands with new life and coloring matter. Thin, dead, faded or gray hair will always be brought back by a few applications, to its youthful abundance, vitality and color.

It makes the hair soft, glossy, fragrant, pleasant to the touch and easy to arrange. Dry, wiry and intractable locks become moist, pliant and disposed to remain in any desired position. As a Hair Dressing it has no equal.—The ladies are enamoured and it is a universal favorite with old and young of both sexes.

Sold by Druggists throughout the United States. Address all orders to

ZEIGLER & SMITH,

nov.27-1y *SOLE PROPRIETORS.*

137 Nth. Third St., Philadelphia

SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE!

Excellent for Females and Weakly Persons.

Used by hundreds of Congregations for Church or Communion purposes.

VINEYARDS—Los Angelos, California, and Passaic, New Jersey.

SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE, Four Years Old. This justly celebrated native Wine is made from the juice of the Oporto Grape raised in this country. Its invaluable Tonic and Strengthening Properties are unsurpassed by any other native wine. Being the pure juice of the grape produced under Mr. Speer's own personal supervision, its purity and genuineness are guaranteed. The youngest child may partake of its generous qualities, and the weakest invalid may use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the various ailments that afflict the weaker sex. It is in every respect A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.

Invalids use Speer's Port Grape Wine; Families Use Speer's Port Grape Wine; Wealthy Persons Find a Benefit by its Use; Speer's Wines in Hospitals are preferred to other Wines.

Principal Office, A. SPEER,

No. 243 BROADWAY, opposite City Hall Park, N. Y.

Sold by John Reed, and Samuel Smith, Druggists, Huntingdon. se18

727

RICKEY, SHARP & CO.,

IMPORTERS, JOBBERS AND RETAILERS OF

DRY GOODS,

AT

POPULAR PRICES,

Have the most elegant and diversified stock in this market, at the very low prices incident to the great shrinking of values.

Their stock is composed wholly of new and desirable fabrics, in

FANCY AND STAPLE GOODS,

to which are daily added the cheapest and choicest offerings of this and other markets.

RICKEY, SHARP & CO.,

727 *Chestnut street,*

eb5-1y Philadelphia.

ENERGETIC MEN AND LADIES

WANTED to Canvass for the

ORIGIN AND HISTORY OF THE

BOOKS OF THE BIBLE.

BY PROF. CALVIN E. STOWE, D. D.

Showing what the Bible is not; what it is, and how to use it; tracing the history of each book up to its origin with the inspired authors, and completely answering all infidel cavils and objections to the Scriptures. It is an ordinary library of Biblical History in a single volume, brief, clear, accurate, conclusive and highly interesting. A master-piece of common sense. It is needed in every family where the Bible is read, as well as by every Sabbath School teacher, student and clergyman, and being the only book on the subject ever published or sold in this country, agents can easily see the advantage of canvassing for this work. Send for circulars containing notices and indorsements from leading ministers of all denominations. Address

ZIEGLER, McCURDY & CO.,

no6-4m No. 614 Arch street, Philadelphia.

ISAAC K. STAUFFER,

WATCHMAKER and JEWELER,

No. 148 North 2d Street, corner of Quarry,

PHILADELPHIA.

An assortment of Watches, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware constantly on hand.

SUITABLE FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS!

☞ Repairing of Watches and Jewelry promptly attended to. nov27-1y

---

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON

Have received

10,000 DOLLARS WORTH

OF

NEW & FASHIONABLE GOODS

From the eastern markets, which they can, with profit, sell at lower figures than can be sold at any other house in the county.

PRICES THE SAME AS BEFORE THE WAR.

A good Calico Dress for a Dollar & a Levy

THE BEST HEAVY MUSLINS

Lower than they can be bought outside of Philadelphia

THEIR STOCK IS IMMENSE,

Consisting of everything that eye can fancy or heart wish

Come and see their fine assortment of

CHOICE SYRUP,

LOWER than ever before also.

EVERY KIND OF SUGAR

At greatly reduced prices.

COME AND SEE OUR STOCK,

and do not pay high prices any longer.

Cunningham & Carmon.

Huntingdon, ap24

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON

HAVE

CARPETINGS,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

For Sale at Wholesale Prices,

SUCH AS, ALL WOOL

INGRAIN,
VENITIAN,
COTTAGE,
STAIR,
HEMP,
RAG, &c.

Huntingdon, July 3, 1867.]

UNITED STATES

Authorized WAR CLAIM AGENCY

HUNTINGDON, PA.

SOLDIERS' HEIRS, ATTENTION!

The act of Congress approved March 2, 1867, gives to Heirs of Soldiers who died prisoners of war,

COMMUTATION FOR RATIONS,

for the time the soldier was so held a prisoner, at the rate of twenty-five cents per day, to be paid in the following order: 1st. To the widow, if unmarried; 2d. To the children; 3d. To the parents, to both jointly if they are living, if either is dead, to the survivor; 4th. To the brothers and sisters.

The act of February 23, 1867, provides for the refunding of the $300 Commutation Money, where the same person was again drafted, and was required to enter the service or furnish a substitute.

DISCHARGED SOLDIERS.

The act of March 2, 1867, also makes provisions for the payment of the

$100 ADDITIONAL BOUNTY

to such soldiers as have accidentally lost their discharges

All persons having any claims under any of the above mentioned Acts, or any other kind of claim against the United States or State Governments, can have them promptly collected, by addressing the undersigned. Information and advice cheerfully given to soldiers or their friends, free of charge.

W. H. WOODS,

Authorized Army and Navy War-Claim Agent,

may9,'67tf HUNTINGDON, Huntingdon co., Pa.

MUSIC STORE.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS AND SEWING MACHINES.

B. M. GREENE has removed his Music Store, to the second floor of Leister's building, where he keeps constantly on hand STEINWAY & SONS' and GAEHLE'S Piano Manufacturing Company's PIANOS, MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS and CARHART, NEEDHAM & CO.S' MELODEONS; Guitars, Violins, Fifes, Flutes; Guitar and Violin Strings.

MUSIC BOOKS—Golden Chain, Golden Shower, Golden Censer, Golden Trio, &c., &c.

SHEET MUSIC.—He is constantly receiving from Philadelphia all the latest music, which persons at a distance wishing, can order, and have sent them by mail.

Also GROVER & BAKER'S Celebrated SEWING MACHINES—the only machine that, in addition to every kind of sewing, embroiders perfectly; sewing Silk and Cotton of all kinds and colors for machines.

Persons buying Sewing Machines fully instructed in the use of them.

☞ Pianos and Organs Warranted for five years.

Those wishing to buy any of the above articles are invited to call and examine mine before purchasing elsewhere My prices are the same as in New York and Philadelphia.

Circulars of Instruments or Machines, sent promptly upon application with any additional information desired.

B. M. GREENE,

Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa.,

may8,'67 Second floor of Leister's new brick building

HUNTINGDON

MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES, ETC.

MARBLE YARD.

J. M. GREEN & F. O. BEAVER

Having entered into partnership, inform the public that they are prepared to execute all styles of

Plain and ornamental Marble Work

Such as MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES, also Building Work, at as low prices as any shop in the county.

Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Shop on MIFFLIN street, a few doors east of the Lutheran church may6,1867

MARBLE YARD. The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and the adjoining counties to the stock of beautiful marble now on hand. He is prepared to furnish at the shortest notice, Monumental Marble, Tomb, Tables and Stones of every desired size and form of Italian or Eastern Marble, highly finished, and carved with appropriate devices, or plain, as may suit.

Building Marble, Door and Window Sills, &c., will be furnished to order.

W. W. pledges himself to furnish material and work manship equal to any in the country, at a fair price. Call and see, before you purchase elsewhere. Shop on the corner of Montgomery and Mifflin sts. Huntingdon, Pa.

WM. WILLIAMS.

Huntingdon, May 16 1855.

CHEESE. CHEESE.

The best always for sale at

LEWIS' FAMILY GROCERY.

☞ For School Books and School Stationery of all kinds call at Lewis' Book Store.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST ARTICLE OUT.

A PERFECT TIME-PIECE FOR ONE DOLLAR.

Let every Housekeeper, Farmer, Mechanic, and Traveler buy one

SOLAR WATCH,

or Perpetual Portable Sun-Dial.

Warranted to Keep True Time for every Day of the Year

This valuable instrument, which is warranted by us to give the true time of day throughout the year, is constructed on strictly scientific principles, being based on astronomical tables and calculations, and affording the truest measure of time which human ingenuity and skill can devise, exceeding in accuracy and reliability the most perfect chronometers, whilst the low price at which we offer it to the public places it within the reach of all. Its portability makes it convenient for travelers, and to every farmer or householder it must prove invaluable to regulate their clocks and watches by, the most infallible test recognized by science.

The mode of using the "Solar Watch," is the simplest that can be devised. After screwing the Style or Gnomon in its place in the moveable brass head and setting it directly over the straight line corresponding to the date, or that nearest to it on the cylinder, the instrument is placed upright in the sunshine in such a position as will throw the shadow of the style directly upon the line under it. After placing the plumb-line, by means of its brass attachment, at a right angle with and to the left of the Style, in order to set the cylinder perfectly level, the point where the extremity of the shadow falls, and its distance from any of the wavy or cross lines exhibiting the morning and corresponding afternoon hours, will indicate the true time of day.

The whole apparatus, consisting of a Cylinder and Diagram, moveable Brass Head, Style, Plumb line, and Brass attachment for the same, neatly put up in compact boxes, is sold by us at the incredibly low price of ONE DOLLAR.

Manufactured and sold, wholesale and retail, by

BEVENS, FABRE & CO.,

34 North Ninth Street, Philada.

☞ For sale, Wholesale and retail, at Wm. Lewis' Book Store, Huntingdon, Pa. Agents wanted to sell this article—apply immediately. WM. LEWIS,

se4 Agent for Huntingdon county.

The Last Crowning Success.

Mrs. S. A. ALLEN'S

IMPROVED

HAIR RESTORER

FAVORITE

HAIR DRESSING

New Style in one Bottle

will quickly restore Gray Hair to its natural color and beauty, and produce luxuriant growth. It is perfectly harmless, and is preferred over every other preparation by those who have a fine head of hair, as well as those who wish to restore it. The beautiful gloss and perfume imparted to the Hair make it desirable for old and young.

☞ For Sale by all Druggists.

DEPOT, 198 GREENWICH ST., N. Y.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR

READING RAIL ROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT,

NOVEMBER 25, 1867.

GREAT TRUNK LINE FROM THE North and North-West for PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, READING, POTTSVILLE, TAMAQUA, ASHLAND, LEBANON, ALLENTOWN, EASTON, EPHRATA, LITIZ, LANCASTER, COLUMBIA, &c., &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 3 00, 5 25 and 8,10 A. M., and 2 05 and 9,35 P. M., connecting with similar trains on the Pennsylvania R.R., arriving at New York 4,10, 10 15 and 11 50 A. M., and 3,40, and 9 20 P. M. Sleeping cars accompany the 3 00 a m and 9 35 p. m. trains without change.

Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Ashland, Pine Grove, Allentown and Philadelphia at 8 10 A. M., and 2 05 and 1 10 P. M., stopping at Lebanon and principal way stations; the 4 10 p. m. train making connections for Philadelphia and Columbia only. For Pottsville, Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna R.R., leave Harrisburg at 3 55 P M.

Returning, leave NEW-YORK at 9 A. M., 12 Noon, 5 & 8 P. M.; Philadelphia at 8,15 A. M., and 3 30 P. M.; Way Passenger train leaves Philadelphia at 7 30 A. M. returning from Reading at 6 30 P. M., stops at all stations: Pottsville at 8,45 A. M., and 2 45 P. M.; Ashland 0 00 and 12,10 a m, and 2,00 P M; Tamaqua at 8,30 A M., and 1 and 5,45 P M.

Leave Pottsville for Harrisburg, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad at 7,10 a m. and 12 noon.

An Accommodation Passenger Train leaves READING at 7,30 A. M., and returns from PHILADELPHIA at 4,00 P. M

Pottstown Accommodation Train: Leaves Pottstown at 6,45 a. m., returning leaves Philadelphia at 5,00 p. m.

Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 7 00 A M., and 6 15 P. M., for Ephrata, Litiz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.

On Sundays, leave New York at 8 00 P. M., Philadelphia, 8 a m and 3 15 P. M., the 8 a m train running only to Reading; Pottsville 8 A. M., Harrisburg, 5 25 a m, and 4 10 and 9 35 p m, and Reading 1 00, and 7 15 a. m., for Harrisburg and 7 05 a. m., and 11 40 p. m., for New York, and 1,25 p. m. for Philadelphia.

COMMUTATION, MILEAGE, SEASON, SCHOOL, and EXCURSION TICKETS to and from all points at reduced rates.

Baggage checked through: 100 pounds Baggage allowed each Passenger.

G. A. NICOLLS,

Reading, Nov. 25, 1867. *General Superintendent.*

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

TIME OF LEAVING OF TRAINS

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

WESTWARD.					EASTWARD				
MAIL.	PHILA'A EXPRESS.	ENTERPRISE TRAIN.	ACCOM.	STATIONS.	ACCOM.	MAIL.	HARRISBURG EXPRESS.	PHILA'A EXPRESS.	PACIFIC EXPRESS.
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
6 13	.....	12 15	.....	N. Hamilton,	.....	5 01	.....	.....	.....
6 20	.....	12 26	.....	Mt. Union,	10 09	4 55	.....	.....	.....
6 30	.....	12 40	.....	Mapleton,	.....	4 45	.....	.....	.....
6 40	.....	12 50	.....	Mill Creek,	#9 54	4 36	.....	.....	.....
6 55	7 05	1 08	3 35	Huntingdon,	9 42	4 23	10 55	.....	.....
6 14	.....	1 20	.....	Petersburg,	9 27	4 04	.....	.....	.....
6 21	.....	1 40	.....	Barree,	#9 20	3 58	.....	.....	.....
6 28	.....	1 50	.....	Spruce Creek,	9 13	3 48	.....	.....	.....
6 41	.....	2 05	.....	Birmingham,	.....	3 35	.....	.....	.....
6 48	7 52	2 15	4 21	Tyrone,	8 53	3 28	10 08	.....	.....
7 01	.....	2 27	.....	Tipton,	#8 45	3 17	.....	.....	.....
7 07	.....	2 30	.....	Fostoria,	.....	3 12	.....	.....	.....
7 12	.....	2 42	.....	Bell's Mills,	8 35	3 08	.....	.....	.....
7 30	8 25	3 05	4 47	Altoona,	8 20	2 50	9 35	.....	.....
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.

The FAST LINE Eastward leaves Altoona at 12 15 A. M., and arrives at Huntingdon at 1 20 A. M.

The CINCINNATI EXPRESS Eastward leaves Altoona at 4 23 P. M. and arrives at Huntingdon at 5 40 P. M.

The FAST LINE Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 7 46 P. M. and arrives at Altoona at 9 00 P. M.

Nov. 24, 1867.

HUNTINGDON & BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

On and after MONDAY, OCT. 16TH, 1867, Passenger Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

UP TRAINS.			DOWN TRAINS.		
ACCOMM.	MAIL.	STATIONS AND SIDINGS.	ACCOMM.	MAIL.	
P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.	
LE 4 40	LE 7 50	Huntingdon,	AR 9 30	AR 4 17	
5 02	8 10	McConnellstown,	9 08	3 57	
5 14	8 22	Pleasant Grove,	8 58	3 49	
5 31	8 38	Marklesburg,	8 38	3 30	
5 50	8 55	Coffee Run,	8 23	3 15	
6 00	9 01	Rough & Ready,	8 13	3 08	
6 10	9 12	Cove,	7 58	2 54	
6 20	9 16	Fisher's Summit,	7 53	2 50	
AR 6 38	AR 9 33	Saxton,	AR 7 35	LE 2 35	
	LE 9 40			AR 2 26	
	10 00	Riddlesburg,		2 08	
	10 08	Hopewell,		2 00	
	10 24	Piper's Run,		1 44	
	10 42	Tatesville,		1 19	
	10 55	Bloody Run,		1 07	
	AR 11 05	Mount Dallas,		LE 1 00	

SHOUP'S RUN BRANCH.

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